THE COLUMBIAN.
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

AT TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance. No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing Department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1878.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XII, NO. 40
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLII, NO. 18

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$2.50	$3.00	$5.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	5.00	[illegible]	12.00
Three inches	4.00	4.50	7.00	12.00	[illegible]
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	20.00
Quarter column	6.00	8.00	10.00	20.00	35.00
Half column	10.00	12.00	15.00	22.00	60.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR, Attorney at Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Jan. 11, 1878

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar.27,'74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Ent's BUILDING.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 24, '77-1y.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe

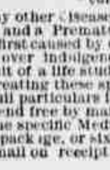
C. R. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building.

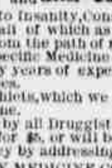
F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. ROB'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE
TRADE MARK TRADE MARK.



Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases, such as Loss of memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.



Before Taking. After Taking.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing
THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10, Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.
Sold in Bloomsburg by C. A. Kleim, and by all Druggists everywhere.
Harris & Ewing, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg.
sept. 6, '78-1y

THOMAS B. HARTMAN. ALBERT HARTMAN.

THE RED FRONT,
MOYERS' BLOCK.
HARTMAN BROS.,
DEALERS IN
TEAS, CANNED FRUIT,
CIGARS,
TOBACCO
SNUFF.
CONFECTIONERY.
Spices of all kinds, Glass & Queensware
FINE GROCERIES,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
AND GENERAL LINE OF
Family Provisions
4th door below Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Goods delivered to all parts of the town
April 27, '77-tf

According to the recommendation of the Grand Jury, we will offer the old Jail Property for sale on Friday, November 8, 1878, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Court House in Bloomsburg.
Conditions can be seen at the office.

SILAS W. MCHENRY,
JOHN HERNER,
JOS. E. SANDS, } Com's.
Commissioners' Office, Bloomsburg, Pa.,
oct.18 '78-4w Attest: WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Poetical.

WHEN THE WOODS TURN BROWN.

BY LUCY LARCOM.

How will it be when the roses fade
Out of the garden and out of the glade?
When the fresh pink bloom of the sweet-brier wild,
That leans from the dell like the cheek of a child,
Is changed for dry hips on a thorny bush?—

Then, scarlet and carmine, the groves will flush.

How will it be when the autumn flowers
Wither away from their leafless bowers;
When sun-flower and star-flower and golden-rod
Glimmer no more from the frosted sod,
And the hill-side nooks are empty and cold?—

Then the forest-tops will be gay with gold.

How will it be when the woods turn brown,
Their gold and their crimson all dropped down,
And crumbled to dust?—

O then, as we lay
Our ear to Earth's lips, we shall hear her say,
"In the dark I am seeking new gems for my crown:"

We will dream of green leaves, when the woods turn brown.

—*St. Nicholas.*

Select Story.

FROM DEATH TO LIFE.

From New York Times

There were six of us seated before a blazing fire which cast a generous glare into the otherwise unlighted room. Outside a winter storm bellowed over the chimneys, and beat seriously at the window-panes. Afar off we could hear the gust roaming among the naked hills, now plunging shrilly through the skeleton branches of the trees and again whirling overhead with a weird shouting sound, that might well have proceeded from the throats of evil things riding upon the wind. The ghostly spirit of the storm seemed to have penetrated even into our comfortable circle, for we had got, I know not how, upon the most dismal of all subjects—death.

We had canvassed the theme pretty thoroughly before we discovered that two of our number, the professor and the doctor, had taken no part in the conversation. They were sitting a little removed from the rest of us, gazing gloomily into the fire. Their ordinarily cheerful expression of countenance had given place to a sober, troubled look, and more than once we had detected the exchange of a strange-significant glance between them.

As may be readily supposed, we were not slow to press them for an explanation of their conduct. But for a considerable time our efforts were fruitless. At length, after much persuasion, it was the professor who spoke:

'Gentlemen,' said he gravely, 'no man cares to gain for himself the reputation of a liar or a maniac. Yet that is exactly what you are pressing both of us to do. I have no doubt that the experience which I am about to relate, and in which my friend the doctor bore no unimportant part, will appear absolutely incredible to persons of your advanced views.'

There was a touch of sarcasm in the worthy professor's tone, but in our eagerness to hear his story we found it convenient to disregard this.

'However,' he continued, 'I shall risk it. If you choose to disbelieve it, why I shall endeavor to have charity for your ignorance and conceit. Now, doctor, if you will hand me the tobacco and one of the pipes—the ranker and the blacker the better—I will proceed.'

Having filled his pipe and settled himself in his chair, he began thus:

'It must be fully ten years ago that the doctor and myself were engaged upon a geological survey of the Northern part of this State. We had labored diligently during the summer and fall, when toward the close of a cold November day, we shouldered our knapsacks and turned our faces homeward.

'Our way led through a chain of black and rugged hills toward a frontier town, twenty miles distant, where we intended to take the railroad. A more forbidding region it has never been my misfortune to see. It was a chaos, blackened and warped by primeval fires, and destitute of the smallest trace of vegetation. Tall cliffs towered a thousand feet above our heads, shutting out the light of the dull November sky. Sluggish streams filtered between the crevices of the rocks and poured noiselessly into deep and motionless turns. It seemed that the blight of death had fallen upon the whole country.

'Well knowing the peril of attempting to proceed through such a region after nightfall, we halted at sunset, and building a fire at the foot of a crag, disposed ourselves to rest as well we might. Exhausted with the toils of the day, the doctor was soon asleep, and I was not long in following his example.

'How long I had slumbered I know not, when I found myself sitting upright, peering nervously in the darkness around me. It seemed to me that some one had uttered a wild appealing cry in the very portals of my ears. For some moments I sat so wondering and anxious. Then I reflected that as there could be no human being in the neighborhood besides ourselves, the sound which had alarmed me must have been the shriek of some bird or animal. Explaining the matter thus, I was on the point of lying down again, when I was arrested by a repetition of the cry. This time there could be no mistake. Wild, long, and, it appeared to me, full of intolerable anguish, it re-echoed among the crags with fearful shrillness. With an uncontrollable start, I turned and shook the doctor to awake him.

''Be quiet,' he muttered, 'I am awake and heard it all.'

"What can it be?' I asked, anxiously. Surely, nothing human; no one lives in this region for miles around. Perhaps it is a wild cat.'

''No, he said, between his teeth 'such a sound never came from the throat of a wild cat. There it is again. Listen.'

'The cry was repeated. It was a woman's voice, but it expressed such supreme misery as I believe woman never felt before. I came ringing up the gorge with a weird and mournful intonation that chilled the blood in my heart. By the doctor's quick breathing I could tell that he was as much affected as myself. Neither of us spoke or moved; both waited for a renewal of the cry, in hope of arriving at some rational explanation of it.

'Again it came, but now like a low tremulous sob. I am not a superstitious man, gentlemen, but I confess that I sat there shivering with a species of horror that was utterly new to me. What could it be? Not a living woman, surely, alone and suffering in an inaccessible fastness where we were morally certain nothing human dwelt. And then what misery was it that gave itself such uncanny expression? No fear nor bodily pain, but something terrible, something nameless to us. While we were debating these questions in smothered tones the cry came once again. This time in words we understood:

'Help! Oh! God! Help!'

'At this intelligible appeal to our manhood, our superstitious weakness at once disappeared. Seizing a torch from our smouldering fire, we made our way hastily toward a pile of rocks a few hundred yards distant, whence the sound seemed to have proceeded. Scrambling up the height we came suddenly upon a strange and mournful scene. Before us stood a small, wretched-looking hut, evidently constructed by hands unused to such labor, unglazed and without a chimney. There was a dim light within, and through the open door we saw the body of a man apparently lifeless lying prone upon the floor, beside him with arms wildly over her head, knelt the figure of a woman, evidently the one whose cries had alarmed us. It needed but a glance to assure us that some strange tragedy had taken place, and without a moment's hesitation we entered the hut.

'The woman raised her eyes as we approached, but gave no further heed to us. Apparently her great sorrow had driven her distracted. She was a young creature hardly 20, I should judge, and despite the signs of hardship and sorrow visible on her features very beautiful. Her form was slight and even attenuated, but in its shabby dress preserved traces of former refinement.

'Her companion, a young man of about her own age, attired in a coarse woodman's suit, had evidently succumbed to hardship or disease, and was either insensible or dead. His pinched and ghastly countenance must have been once very handsome, now it looked old and worn as that of a man of 60. He had apparently fallen in his present position, and the girl had been unable to raise him.

'My friend, the doctor,' continued the worthy professor, 'surely, uncouth and cynical as he commonly appears, has as kind a heart as ever beat in a man's breast—no flattery, my dear fellow, for it must be confessed that you have faults that more than counterbalance your one good trait. Well, gentlemen, he bent over the poor creature, and, in a voice as gentle as a woman's, endeavored to arouse the girl from her lethargy.

'Who are you?' said he, 'and what has happened?'

'He is dead—dead!' she muttered, hoarsely.

'Perhaps it is not as bad as that,' we rejoined. 'Tell us about it. We are friends, my dear, and medical men, and may be able to assist you.'

''He died this morning, before my very eyes,' she moaned, 'died, oh, my God! of starvation. And I never knew that he was depriving himself for my sake. Oh my husband; why did you not let me die with you? And she threw herself across the body, sobbing as if her poor heart would break. There were tears in the doctor's eyes as he looked at me, added the professor, with a tremor in his voice, 'and the rascal has always sworn that my own were not dry. That, however, is aside from the subject.

'Though we knew nothing of these poor children—for they were but little more—we felt that we had chanced upon a strange, sad story of love, pride and suffering, such as is rarely told, even in this unhappy world.

'The doctor stooped down and felt at the heart of the prostrate man.

'He is dead,' he whispered, motioning me to imitate his example.

'Yes, dead,' I replied, after examining the corpse.

'How we made the truth known to the poor wife I do not remember. It would seem that she had preserved some faint remnant of hope until our assurance destroyed it utterly. With a low groan she fell suddenly at our feet, insensible. Although at a loss as to what course to pursue, we felt it our duty to remain in the hut for the night; and in the morning to make the best arrangements for the poor girl's comfort that were possible.

Fortunately the doctor had his medical case in his pocket. Administering a powerful sleeping potion to her, he placed her in happy unconsciousness of the events that were to follow. We then proceeded to a more careful examination of the man.

Without vanity I can say that both the doctor and myself have received some few testimonials as to our scientific ability from the world. You will probably believe that we are capable of deciding upon a very simple case of death by starvation?' He paused and looked gravely around. 'Very good, remember then, that I assert upon my professional reputation that the man was stone dead.'

''Yes,' added the doctor, who had hitherto remained silent, 'the life must have been extinct more than five hours when we found him.'

'Well,' continued the professor, with increasing gravity, 'having satisfied ourselves upon this point, we covered the corpse decently and sat down to wait for morning. Though in no mood for conversation the startling experience of the evening kept us both awake for several hours. But at length, completely overcome with weariness and excitement, I fell into a slight slumber.

'Almost immediately, it seemed, I was awakened with a shock. The doctor was bending over me with an expression of wonder and alarm upon his face.

''Wake up,' he said, in a troubled whisper 'something very strange has been going on in this room for many minutes past.'

'What is it?' I asked, 'I thought I heard some one speaking.'

'You did,' he replied, 'I have distinctly heard a voice close beside us, yet there is no one in the room except ourselves and these two poor people.'

'Pehaps the woman has been talking in her sleep,' I suggested, or it may be that the man is not dead after all.'

''No, I have looked to both,' he returned. 'One sleeps soundly, and the other will never speak again in this world. So satisfy yourself.'

'I arose, and trimming the lamp, proceeded first to the couch where the girl lay. She at least could not have spoken, for all her senses were locked in a profound stupor. I then examined the corpse and found it was as we had left it, except that the features were more shrunken and sallow than before. No voice could have come from those rigid lips. Concluding we had both dreamed or mistaken some nocturnal cry for a human voice, I replaced the light, and was about to resume my seat, when my movements were arrested by a very singular voice.

''There it is again!' muttered the doctor, agitatedly.

'A low confused murmur, resembling nothing that I had ever heard before, arose in the room, and seemed to circulate in the air for an instant and died away. Again it arose, coming from a point directly over our heads and gradually descending, until it seemed to emanate from some invisible source immediately beside us. I know of nothing with which to compare the intonation, except it may be the articulation of the telephone, or that of a ventriloquist.

'The first words we caught were, 'Oh, my poor wife!'

'It would be impossible to describe the effect that these words produced upon us. It was not so much the tone, weird and uncanny as it was, as the startling significance of the words that amazed us.

'Who could have spoken them but the husband of the woman lying stupefied upon the couch? Yet he had been dead for many hours. Full of repugnance of the horror of the idea, we started up and again examined not only every nook and cranny of the hut, but even the space outside for many yards around. There was no human being besides ourselves in the vicinity.

'We again scrutinized the corpse. It had neither changed its position nor its appearance. The flesh had grown perfectly cold and the muscles rigid; there was not a drop of vitality in it. 'Now,' said the professor, wiping his forehead nervously. 'I have arrived at what I imagine will be the limit of your credulity. I do not expect you to credit what followed; but I swear to you, on the word of an honest man, that I do not deviate from the truth as much as a syllable when I say that while we bent over the body we again heard the voice proceeding from a distant part of the room, saying audibly:

''In the name of God, assist me back to life!'

'With hearts beating thick and fast, we stood gazing at each other absolutely thunderstruck. An experience so terrifying, so utterly without precedent, completely unswerved us. While we remained stupefied with horror, the voice was again audible:

''Oh, have pity! it said, 'aid me to return to life.'

'It was some minutes before either of us could recover from our amazement sufficiently to make any reply.

''Who is it that speaks to us?' asked the doctor, in a low tone.

''The soul of the man who lies dead before you!' it replied.

''It is impossible that the dead can speak,' answered the doctor.

''No, for the intelligence never dies,' replied the voice. 'My body is indeed dead, but that with which I lived and thought and loved is still in this room.'

''What is it that you desire?' asked the doctor, carrying on this strange colloquy with increasing wonder.

''To be aided to resume my former existence,' was the rejoinder. 'I dare not leave my poor wife unprotected in this wilderness. I cannot see her suffer. I love her beyond all my hopes of a future life, and by the power of my love I have remained near her, and have been able to communicate with you. I cannot, I will not be separated from her. I must return to her in my human shape.'

'Whether the doctor's courage deserted him at this point or not I cannot say; but he spoke no more, and, as the voice was no longer audible, we remained silent in a state of mind that baffles all description.

'I am morally certain that both of us would have fled instantly from the place, had it not been for the poor creature sleeping upon the bed. We could not leave her to face alone a mystery that shook even nerves as toughened as ours. After a hasty consultation as to what course we ought to follow, we resumed our seats and waited in breath less expectation for what was next to occur.

'Some hours had passed in this way, and the first dim traces of dawn were beginning to shine upon the Eastern horrizon, when, with a simultaneous start, we sprang to our feet. The voice had again spoken. This time it had proceeded, not from some indefinite point in the atmosphere, but from beneath the sheet enveloping the corpse.

''Help!' it cried, in faint, but distinct accents; 'for Christ's sake, help!'

'For an instant we hesitated—and who would not?—then hastened to the body and removed the covering. There was no alteration in its pallor and rigidity, but we perceived that the lips, from which a faint murmur was issuing, trembled slightly. Here our instincts conquered our weakness. Whatever the mystery involved in the matter, a human being was struggling to regain existence, and our impulse was to aid without question. A powerful restorative was administered, and, before many moments had passed, we saw the color coming back to the wan cheeks and the sunken muscles reshaping themselves with the current of warm blood. Then, with a faint sigh, the eyes opened and gazed at us inquiringly. In a word, gentlemen, the dead was restored to life.

'It is needless to detail what followed. In the meeting which occurred between these two poor young creatures, we felt ourselves more than repaid for the startling experiences of the previous night. It can do no harm to add that we claimed and exercised the right of securing their future prosperity out of our ample means. We learned no more of their former history than that the persecution of those whose wishes their marriage had opposed, had driven them to hide their poverty and misfortune in the wilderness. We have heard of them since.

'The young man, as we discovered on questioning him, remembered nothing of his sensations while unconscious, except a vague dreamlike, and yet intense sorrow for his young wife. He had no knowledge whatever of the voice which had addressed us, and appeared to believe that he had labored under a temporary suspension of animation arising from starvation. We did not combat his belief, for we believed that he was actually dead, and that he only returned to life through his great love. Who will deny that love is stronger than death, and that it goes with us even beyond the grave?'

A man in Detroit has recently invented an apparatus for arresting and extinguishing sparks. Are the girls going to stand that?

Historical.

HISTORY OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

MILITARY RECORD.

Three Years Service,
35th *Regiment.*

COMPANY E. SIXTH RESERVES.

Recruited in Montour county.

Mahlon K Manley, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeons certificate March 22, 1863.
Charles Richart, May 14, 1861, promoted from 1st Lieutenant to Captain August 27, 1863, brevet Major March 13, 1865, mustered out with Company June 11, 1864.
John Horn, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeons certificate September 27, 1862.
Josiah Mull, May 14. 1861, promoted from Sergeant October 11, 1861, to 2d Lieutenant April 13, 1863, mustered out with Company June 11, 1864.
George W Deen, May 14, 1861, promoted to 1st Sergeant May 15, 1863, Commissioned 2d Sergeant March 21, 1863, not mustered, mustered out with Company June 11, 1864.
Joel Metz, May 27, 1861, Sergeant, mustered out with Company June 11, 1864.
Thomas Levers, June 26, 1861, promoted to Corporal July 15, 1861, to Sergeant April 6, 1862, mustered out June 11, 1864, with Company.
William A. Moyer, May 14, 1861, Corporal April 6, 1862, Sergeant May 15, 1863, mustered out with Company June 11 1864.
Nicholas Frieze, May 14, 1861, missing in action at Fredericksburg, Virginia, December 13, 1862.
William Kriner, May 14, 1861, discharged May 26, 1862, for wounds received accidentally.
William E Ackey, May 14, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V., May 31, 1864, Veteran.
Abraham Wand, May 14, 1861, wounded at Spottsylvania Court House, May 12, 1864, absent at General Hospital, Washington, D. C. at muster out.
William Lezerve, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
William E Gillespie, June 20, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
H Kustenbather, July 11, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
John Leffler, July 11, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
Thaddeus S Smith, June 25, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
Aaron R Gibson, May 14, 1861, killed at Bethesda Church, Virginia, May 30, 1864, Veteran.
Edwin Lockhart, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 12, 1864.
Eli J Richart, April 1, 1862, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864.
Aderholdt Earnest, July 27, 1861, wounded, with loss of leg, at Bristoe Station, Virginia, October 14, 1863, absent, in hospital, at muster out.
Buttles, William, May 25, 1861, transferred to 191 regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
Brown, James H, May 25, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, February 12, 1862.
Bailey, Olney, May 21, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, July 28, 1861.
Bowman, George, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, March 12, 1863.
Bowman, George, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, March 12, 1863.
Bingman, George, May 14, 1861, deserted September 18, 1862.
Cowden, Samuel, June 6, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
Cunningham, Robert, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
Chronister, John W, June 1, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, February 26, 1862.
Chaplain, Orvill, May 25, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, January 29, 1862.
Davis, John, June 21, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
Darfus, John, May 14, 1861, absent at muster out of company.
Francis, Thomas, June 20, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, November 20, 1862.
Flinn, James, May 20, 1862, wounded in action—date unknown—discharged on Surgeon's certificate, December 19, 1862.
Grill, Josiah, June 20, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. May 31, 1864, Veteran.
Garner, Augustus, July 20, 1861, deserted February 14, 1862.
Hare, Joseph, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
Hilgert, Jacob, May 16, 1861, mustered out with compano, June 11, 1864.
Hagan, Charles, May 24, 1861, absent at muster out of company.
Heisner, Henry, May 14, 1861, discharged February 12, 1863, for wounds received in action.
Hocker, George, August 9, 1861, missing in action, May 30, 1864.
Hunt, William H, May 14, 1861, died at Fairfax, Virginia, April 1, 1863.
Hileman, Franklin, May 25, 1861, killed at Fredericksburg, December, 13, 1862.
Hurst Miles, June 6, 1861, deserted September 6, 1862.
Horff, William, May 14, 1861, deserted May, 14, 1863.
Jones, Benjamin A, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, August 6, 1862.
Johnson, M B, May 14, 1861, died at Fredericksburg, Virginia, June 13, 1862.
King, Richard W, July 29, 1861, captured May 20, 1864, died at Andersonville, Gorgia, October 2, 1864, grave 11,463, Veteran.
Karigher, Gottlieb, May 14, 1861, discharged March 18, 1862, for wounds received in action.
Kiezer, John, July 20, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, February 17, 1862.
Kreiner, George, May 30, 1861, discharged March 28, 1863, for wounds received in action.
Koons, John, May 14, 1861, deserted August 28, 1862.
King, James H, March 19, 1864, not on muster-out roll.
Lucas, Abraham, May 25, 1861, committed suicide at Camp Tenally, Maryland, October 4, 1861.
Miller, Joseph, June 23, 1861, wounded at Spottsylvania, Court House, May 11, 1864, absent, in hospital, at muster out
Marchal, Carlisle, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
Moyer, Lewis, June 25, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
Miller, Jacob, August 27, 1861, discharged September 12, 1863, for wounds received in action.
Metzgar, Sebastian, May 25, 1861, discharged February 23, 1863, for wounds received in action.
Miller, John, May 14, 1861, killed at Bethesda Church, Virginia, May 30, 1864.
Mallon, Felix, May 25, 1861, deserted November 23, 1862.
M'Gill, George, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
M'Laughlin, B, May 25, 1861, deserted December 11, 1862.
Melson, Oscar, July 27, 1861, discharged by special order, August 16, 1862.
Ott, Alpheus D, July 10, 1861, died at Bristoe Station, Virginia, February 29, 1864.
Pursell, Perry, July 5, 1861, discharged by special order, August 11, 1862.
Price, Abraham, August 26, 1851, killed at South Mountain, September 14, 1862.
Richard, John O, May 14, 1861, absent, in hospital, at muster out.
Roup, Jonas, May 25, 1861, absent, in hospital, at muster out.
Rantz, Isaac, July 20, 1861, missing in action at Bethesda Church, May 30, 1864.
Reinhardt, Edm'd, June 25, 1861, transferred to 191st regiment P. V. Map 31, 1864, Veteran.
Rose, Joseph, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, December 12, 1862.
Shedon, John, May 14, 1861, wounded at Bethesda Church, May 12, 1864, absent in hospital, at muster out.
Staub, Conrad, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864
Shultz, John, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company, June 11, 1864.
Springer, Conrad, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, June 8, 1862.
Singhiser, Theodore, June 6, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, February 13, 1863.
Sevartz, Gotleib, June 6, 1861, discharged April 20, 1863 for wounds received in action.
Steinheiser, Philip, August 27, 1861, discharged May 10, 1863 for wounds received in action.
Suyder, William, May 14, 1861, discharged on Surgeon's certificate, September 16, 1862.
Sechman, Samuel, May 14, 1861, died July 15, 1863 of wounds received at Gettesburg.
Shiffert, Jacob, May 14, 1861, killed at Fredericksburg, December 13, 1862.
Springer, Philip, June 1, 1861, deserted August 24, 1862.
Traub, William, July 27, 1871, died at Georgetown, D. C, October 18, 1861, buried in Military Asylum Cemetery.
Vocht, George, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company June 11, 1864.
Van Vrankin, D D, May 25, 1861, missing in action May 20, 1864, Veteran.
Vale, Cyrus, May 14, 1861, died at Washington, D C, August 7, 1861.
Welliver Thomas, May 25, 1861, mustered out with company June 11, 1864.
Wagner Otto, June 1, 1861, mustered out with company June 11, 1864.
West, Christian, August 27, 1861, discharged on surgeon's certificate December 1, 1861.
Wagner, Christian, May 14, 1861, discharged on surgeon's certificate April 20, 1863.
Williams, George, August 27, 1861, discharged on surgeon's certificate, January 8, 1862.
Woods, Christopher, May 14, 1861, discharged by special order August 11, 1862.
Walter, Joseph, July 12, 1861, died at Georgetown, D C, September 7, 1861.
Weaver, Joseph, June 1, 1861, killed at South Mountain September 14, 1862.
Walls, Jonn, July 24, 1861, deserted August 14, 1862.
Yordy, William T, May 14, 1861, mustered out with company June 11, 1864.
Zerbe, Wilkins K, June 5, 1861, deserted June 4, 1863.

From Drainesville to Bethesda Church, by the way of South Mountain, Fredericksburg, Gettysburg, and Spottsylvania Court House; gathering daily greener laurels, is glory enough for Company E, of the Sixth Reseves.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided a case of interest to travelers on highways which are crossed by railroad tracks—the case of Shultz against the Pennsylvania railroad company:

"In this case the train of defendant was passing through a village at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour, and the signal required by statute was not given when it approached the crossing. Plaintiff's intestate [that is the person for whose death the suit for damages was brought] was approaching the crossing at the rate of twelve miles an hour, in a covered carriage, and he slacked up but did not stop before going on the track. The court held that defendant was entitled to a nonsuit. The court says that the improper speed of defendant's train, inexcusable as it was, had its counterpart in the inexcusable speed with which the deceased entered upon the track. The opinion concludes thus: 'Nevertheless, the frequent recurrence of such accidents, resulting in the loss of life, loudly demands legislation, at least in Pennsylvania, to protect the lives of persons both in the train and on the roadway.'"

In a broad public sense, the New York *Post* thinks, the "nevertheless" is the most important part of the case. It is manifest that some means should be contrived either for sinking the railroad or the highway or in some way absolutely preventing a train and a traveler from moving on or across the track or the highway at the same time. When it becomes a question of speed between the train and the traveller—it is time for the Legislature to interfere. The miscalled "accident" on Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, on which occasion a train of cars ran into a funeral train of carriages, is instanced as a case in point.

THE SOLDIERS FOR DILL.

TO THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA FROM THE SOLDIERS WHOM SHE SENT INTO THE FIELD!

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15, 1878.

The present seems a proper and fitting occasion for those who have borne arms in the Nation's cause, when the armed intervention of the citizen was necessary to its support, to give due expression to their opinions in favor of perfect union and practical administrative reform. The permanence of the Union depends upon the virtue and manhood of its citizens, and if they are powerless to redeem its government from the deadly influence of corruption, then their heroic sacrifices in preserving it from the bolder approach of hostile bayonets will have been in vain.

We have felt that in serving the country during the late war, and in defending its flag from the assault made upon it, we simply discharged the duty which patriotism imposed upon us, and when the contest closed, we put off the uniform of the soldier and reassumed the garb and position of the private citizen. The war was waged for the preservation of the Union and the maintenance of Republican Institutions, and by a resolution of Congress, solemnly and unanimously put forth, it was asserted that when these purposes were accomplished "the war should cease." The fruits of victory have been fully gleaned. The voice of secession has been silenced by the thunder of a hundred battle fields; the slave has been emancipated and elevated to the dignity of citizenship. The payment of Confederate War Claims has been prohibited by constitutional enactment, and the flag of the Union floats proudly without challenge throughout the length and breadth of the land. The solemn obligation which we took upon us on entering the service, "that we would defend the United States honestly and faithfully from all enemies and opposers whomsoever," compels us to rescue the government, both State and National, from the hands of those who seek to destroy the institutions for which we fought. We are impressed with the conviction that our form of government is imperiled; that a crisis has been reached in our affairs; and that the continuance in authority of the party misnamed Republican must lead to general disaster and ruin. The record of its dark past admits no ray of hope for the future. That party must die, that republican liberty may live. Corruption, extravagance, and usurpation of authority, the deadly enemies of popular government, are threatening the national life, and those entrusted with the guardianship of all that is precious to the American people are holding up the casket while they are extracting the jewel. That which was once the party of the Martyred Lincoln has become a band of robbers—for years that party has lived, and fattened, and maintained itself in power by the most flagrant violations of right. Greater crimes have followed fast upon lesser ones, until the greatest crime of all—the most stupendous crime of history—we are governed by a Chief Magistrate, placed in the Presidential Chair by open and unblushing fraud.

We see, as the result of these years of misrule, the utter destruction of our commerce, our manufactories closed, the entire paralyzation of every industry, the closing of every avenue of trade; our people, once so prosperous, reduced to want and poverty, and pauperism making giant strides through our once happy land. A change of rulers and of party is indeed essential, if we may ever hope to see again the purity of the early days of the Republic and the former prosperity of the people. And now, for the purpose of giving practical effect to the views herein expressed, we ask you, the Voters of Pennsylvania, to join with us in elevating to the Gubernatorial Chair of our grand old State, that pure Citizen and tried Statesman, ANDREW H. DILL.

Major-General WM. B. FRANKLIN, U. S. A.
" " RICHARD COULTER, U. S. V.
" " JOSEPH F. KNIPE U. S. V.
" " ST. CLAIR A. MULHOLLAND, U. S. V.
Brigadier-General WM. MCCANDLESS, U. S. V.
" " JOHN F. BALLIER, U. S. V.
" " EDWARD L. DANA U. S. V.
" " W. W. H. DAVIS, U. S. V.
" " ROBERT E. WINSLOW, U. S. V.
Colonel Levi Maish, 130th Penna Vols.
" W W Corbet, 105th Penna Vols.
" J B McAllister, 17th Penna Cavalry.
" Wm Davis, 69th Penna Vols.
" A J Greenfield, 22d Penna Cavalry.
" P N Guthrie, 12th Ills Vols.
" Samuel McKelvey, U S A.
" George S Hays, 8th Reserves.
" T H Good, 47th Penna Vols.
" F Asbury Awl, 201st Penna Vols.
" Jno E Arthur, 93d Penna Vols.
" R Bruce Ricketts, 1st Penna Artillery.
" J B Knox, U S V.
Lieut.-Col. Chas H Gibson, U S A.
" James Brady, 1st Penna Artillery.
" James O'Reilly, 69th Penna Vols.
" Anthony H Reynolds, 69th Penna Vols.
" R C Dechert, 29th Penna Vols.
" P McDonough 2d Reserves.
" Henry B McKean, 6th Reserves.
" Edmond Randall, 116th Penna Vols.
" D C Kitchen, A D C.
" James F Weaver, 148th Penna Vols.
" B F Winger, 3d Reserve Artillery.
" J B Seilheimer, 25th Penna Vols.
" W W Hamersley, 12th Penna Vols.
" Fred S Pyfer, 77th Penna Vols.
" Edward McGovern, 122d Penna Vols.
" J Wesley Awl, 201st Penna Vols.
" John H Filler, 55th Penna Vols.
" Samuel Wilson, 8th Penna Cavalry.
" Jno P Dunne, 116th Penna Vols.
" Wm O Coll, 83d Penna Vols.
Major J W H Stickney, 3d New Jersey.
" R J Phipps, 4th Penna Cavalry.
" (Surgeon) Otto Rembts, 58th N Y Vols.
" Chas W Borbridge, 28th Penna Vols.
" Chas Cosslett, 116th Penna Vols.
" R H Evans, Penna Vols.
" George W Lyons, 102d Penna Vols.
" F B Swearengen, 9th Reserves.
" R H Patterson, 1st Md Cavalry.
" G H Mullen, 28th Penna Vols.
" J I Marks 131st Penna Vols.
" W M H Sullivan, U S Navy.
" N L Dykeman, 16th U S Infantry.
" M G Hall, 201th Penna Vols.
" J L Schoch, 1st W Va Cavalry.
" (Surgeon) J A E Reed, 155th Penna Vols.
" James Levergood, 51st Penna Vols.
" F S Allbright, 79th Penna Vols.
" Noah G Ruhl, 87th Penna Vols.
" (Surgeon) J R Hays, 72d Penna Vols.
" John Power, 177th Penna Vols.
" R H Foster 148th Penna Vols.
" Elbridge McConkey, 1st Reserves.
" John McMurry, U S Army.
" Grant Weidman, U S Army.
" D W C James, U S Army.
" Wm D Ernest, 9th Penna Cavalry.
" Chas Davis, 7th Penna Cavalry.
" H G Carr, 21st Penna Vols.
Captain William E Miller, 3d Penna Cavalry.
" T R Leisenring, 47th Penna Vols.
" S R Newhard, 54th Penna Vols.
" David Schaal, 176th Penna Vols.
" Alex Landis, 201st Penna Vols.
" E H Rauch, 11th Penna Cavalry.
" J M Johnston, 79th Penna Vols.
" Jno M Amweg, 122d Penna Vols.
" J M Raub, 122d Penna Vols.
" Adam Schuh, 99th Penna Vols.
" George H Krisman, 135th Penna Vols.
" George F Springer, Penna Vols.
" H A Longsdorf, 158th Penna Vols.
" L A Johnston, 11th Reserves.
" C F Mitchell, 10th Reserves.
" Wm J Reisinger, 17th Penna Cavalry.
" Lewis Small, 107th Penna Vols.
" Mathias Schack, U S Vols.
" John Fahs, 87th Penna Vols.
" James Blauser, 87th Penna Vols.
" L H Greenwalt, 1st Md Cavalry.
" Clayton McIntire, 76th Penna Vols.
" James H Ross, U S Vols.
" John K Schott 127th Penna Vols.
" James Kacy, 74th Penna Vols.
" Henry Raymond, U S Vols.
" Hugh Rodgers, 116th Penna Vols.
" Edward Thompson, 69th Penna Vols.
" Charles Linder, 27th Penna Vols.
" J R Miles, 116th Penna Vols.
" William Hasson, 142d Penna Vols.
" Edward Haugh, 98th Penna Vols.
" George Brown, 119th Penna Vols.
" Arthur Shields, 81st Penna Vols.
" D Mullen, 98th Penna Vols.
" Wm McClellan, 1st Penna Artillery.
" Isaac N McMurn, 9th Penna Vols.
" W H Stottle, Penna Artillery.
" George C Wilson 3d Penna Artillery.
" W D Weber, 46th Penna Vols.
" Jno W Nolte, 46th Penna Vols.
" R J McWitt, 1st Penna Cavalry.
" D A McManigle, 131st Penna Vols.
" J D Dysart, 131st Penna Vols.
Captain J B Eckenbarger, 49th Penna Vols.
" W S Sherwood, 49th Penna Vols.
" Jas S Watson, 131st Penna Vols.
" J M Bullick, 45th Penna Vols.
" Jesse Horton, 4th Penna Vols.
" L F Harvey, 104th Penna Vols.
" John E Reilley, 187th Penna Vols.
" Anthony Moran, 98th Penna Vols.
" J J Sullivan 116th Penna Vols.
" Thomas Furey, 69th Penna Vols.
" Wm D Rickards, 29th Penna Vols.
" Wm Pritner, 96th Penna Vols.
" Wm Cusack, 98th Penna Vols.
" T A Sloan, 116th Penna Vols.
" Timothy Mooney, 2d Reserves.
" T McDonough, 28th Penna Vols.
" J P George 11th Reserves.
" Isaac M Powers, 8th Reserves.
" James S Gates, 8th Penna Vols.
" Wm F Eaton U S Vols.
" John H Whitaker, U S Vols.
" James Atwell, 9th Ills.
" C C Cochran, 10th Reserves.
" James F Clarke, 72d Penna Vols.
" Peter Sommers 2d Reserves.
" Frank Becker, 98th Penna Vols.
" T Greisemer, 98th Penna Vols.
" P T Quinlan, 116th Penna Vols.
" Jas P Farran, 49th Penna Vols.
" Louis J Ladner, 98th Penna Vols.
" Joseph Ellis, 72d Penna Vols.
" W McCarroll, 91st Penna Vols.
" Jno F Mahoney, 91st Penna Vols.
" Jno Bell, 71st Penna Vols.
" S Boyd Martin, U S Vols.
" G W P Davis, 54th Penna Vols.
" Edwin Riley, 125th Penna Vols.
" Richard Townsend, 104th Penna Vols.
" George E Gass, Penna Artillery.
" Wm H Morrison, 91st Penna Vols.
" M L Bacon, 84th Penna Vols.
" Henry Hoofman, U S Vols.
" James Harvey, 62d Penna Vols.
" J P Brindle, 54th Penna Vols.
" Isaiah H Graham, 1st Penna Reserves.
" J J Welding, 54th Penna Vols.
" D S Wilkins, 14th Penna Vols.
" J R Peters, 84th Penna Vols.
" Wm. Linton, 12th Penna Cavalry.
Assistant Engineer Jno Grimes, U S Navy.
Lieutenant Albert S Jones, 21st Del Vols.
" John H Platt, 10th N J Vols.
" Richard Clendenning, 2d Reserves.
" H P Kennedy, 2d Reserves.
" Joseph Penison, 2d Reserves.
" James Justice, 2d Reserves.
" Wm McNamara, 69th Penna Vols.
" D C Brown, 69th Penna Vols.
" W H [illegible], 116th Penna Vols.
" Henry W [illegible], U S N.
" Henry H Doble, 148th Penna Vols.
" P M Barr, Penna Vols.
" E S Handrick, Penna Vols.
" Felix McMahon, 8th Reserves.
" C E Noudon, Penna Vols.
" John Rowers, Penna Vols.
" George Y Yams, 119th Penna Vols.
" Peter [illegible], 98th Penna Vols.
" Joseph V Kelly, U S N.
" George Thomas, 124th Penna Vols.
" W C [illegible], 8th Reserves.
" C P B [illegible], 104th Penna Vols.
" John [illegible], 73d Penna Vols.
" [illegible], 87th Penna Vols.
" John [illegible], 95th Penna Vols.
" Joseph E McCarthy, 148th Penna Vols.
" Louis H [illegible], 1st Penna Cavalry.
" T M Utter, 27th Penna V. R.
" James [illegible], 2d Penna Vols.
" H D Weber, 131st Penna Vols.
" G S Waters, 121st Penna Vols.
" Samuel [illegible], 11th Penna Vols.
" [illegible], 17th Penna Vols.
" J W Crader, 47th Penna Vols.
" A M [illegible], 17th Penna Vols.
" R H Hamersley, 84th Penna Vols.
" W H Ginkinger, 47th Penna Vols.
" Daniel A Harris, 130th Penna Vols.
" Jno T McGonigle, 122d Penna Vols.
" Geo P Dichler, 69th Penna Vols.
" C R Fraxley, 78th Penna Vols.
" R A Smith, 79 Penna Vols.
" Edward Campbell, 28th Penna Vols.
" James Poitz, 77th Penna Vols.
" [illegible], 79th Penna Vols.
" Fromm [illegible] Gay, 11th Reserves.
" Jos Green, 69th Penna Vols.
" James McWilliams, 11th Reserves.
" John M [illegible], 16th Penna Vols.
" [illegible], 16th Penna Vols.
" George J [illegible], 20th Reg Pa Vols.
" Jeremiah Oliver, 20th Reg Pa Vols.
" Hestand A Glatz, 16th Reg Pa Vols.
" Wm H Patterson, U S V.
" Geo F Sherwood, 9th Penna Vols.
" [illegible], 51st Penna Vols.
" Samuel [illegible], 77th Penna Vols.
" [illegible] Saltbrook, 14th Penna Vols.
" Frank Geise, 54th N Y Vols.
" J [illegible], 17th Penna Vols.
" Stoughton George U S Vols.
" B B Bittner, [illegible] Cavalry.
" Davis Townsend, 138th Penna Vols.
" Thomas Cosgrove, 97th Penna Vols.
" Jno McNamee 97th Penna Vols.
" James M Wolf, 131st Penna Vols.
" L Korr, U S V.
" Wm F Portman, Penna Vols.
" Mark P Case, Penna Vols.
" A J Fagan, Penna Vols.
" G Meyers, Penna Vols.
" Wm J Baker, 9th Ind Vols.
" John Doyle, 116th Penna Vols.
" Joseph Lynn, 199th Penna Vols.
" L S Eberhouser, 158th Penna Vols.
" [illegible] A Duncan, 174th Penna Vols.
" Alfred Robinson, 28th Penna Vols.
" J W Jequett, 28th Penna Vols.
" J N Grubb, 17th Penna Cavalry.
" T M George, 55th Penna Vols.
" John Lynch 55th Pa Vols.

And twenty thousand non-commissioned officers and enlisted men.

A Monkey Dinner-Party.

It was the funniest dinner-party that could be imagined. Five highly respectable monkeys in full dress sat at a table with plates and wine-glasses, and the sprightliest, most attentive of monkeys waited upon them, tray in hand like a good, highly genteel waitress, as she was.

The monkey at the head of the table was dressed as a naval officer, with admiral's hat, epaulettes, and side whiskers all complete. He was very elegant in his manners, when not licking his plate, and he had an injured, reproachful way of turning on his seat and looking at the waitress when she failed to bring what he wanted, that was wonderful to see. At the foot of the feast sat a farmer monkey in funny felt hat, white smock and loose trousers. He had a tremendous appetite and soon finished his meal and began knocking hard upon the table for more. The admiral, who was very proud, never once noticed him which the hungry farmer accepted in good part, as he didn't take any very great interest in admirals.

But the side of the table was liveliest, after all. In the middle sat a fine monkey-lady, whom I afterward learned was called "Mrs. Lorne," and the monkey gallants on each side took turns in conversing with her. Sometimes, indeed, they both addressed her at once, and then the fashionable Mrs. Lorne would utter a fearful screech and give them a peice of her mind, to the great terror of the farmer and the amazement of the admiral. She was a lovely creature in their eyes, you may be sure, for she wore a red velvet dress and a white hat with bright pink feather, and her coquettish way of tossing her head was quite irresistible. Wine was freely taken by all the guests, but I learned later that it was only raspberry juice and water. It was funny enough to see them take up their glasses in one hand bow to each other, toss off the contents, and pound the table for a fresh supply.

I could not see what they had to eat but it evidently was something good, for they smacked their lips over it and grabbed bits from each other's plates so often that their master frequently was obliged to expostulate with them.

Ah, the master! I forgot to speak of him. He was their servant just then, and stood at a respectful distance behind the table, bottle in hand, ready to fill their glasses when ever called upon, or gently to remind the guests that to lick one's plate is not looked upon as good table manners. Meantime the pretty waitress skipped about, bringing this thing and that as the master ordered, and often sinking into a little chair near by for rest and solemn meditation. The dear thing was easily "flustered," and the manners of the admiral sometimes so confused her that she seemed almost ready to faint. At one time, when the master put a pair of lighted candles in her hands, bidding her hold them very carefully, she sprang up and ran from the stage with them both up side down, still blazing and spattering. Now and then the temptation to get a bit from the table grew so strong that she would watch her chance to take a sly grab when the guests were chattering together. When she succeeded in this the hundreds of spectators would applaud heartily. We children thought it was rather improper for grown persons to encourage theft in that way, but we couldn't help feeling sympathy for the pretty waitress, notwithstanding our good morals.

From an account of the Monkey Theater, by Mrs. Mary Mapes Dodge, St. Nicholas for Nov.

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, Oct. 25, 1878.

DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS.

The following meetings will be held next week, at the times and places named. Able speakers will attend.

October 28, Monday, Centralia, evening.
" 29, Tuesday, Mifflin, evening.
" 29, Tuesday, Roaringcreek, evening, School House No. 2.
October 30, Wednesday, Catawissa, evening.
" 31, Thursday, Rohrsburg, evening.
November 1, Friday, Iola, evening.
" 2, Saturday, Willow Vale, evening.
" 2, Jackson, afternoon. Col. Freeze and others will address this meeting.

By order of Committee.

G. A. Clark, Secretary. D. Lowenberg, Chairman.

The *Scranton Republican* publishes a garbled statement in reference to Senator Buckalew's connection with the recent Congressional Conference. What its motive can be we cannot conceive, unless it be an attempt to create dissensions in the Democratic ranks, and give the public the impression that there is antagonism between Senator Buckalew and Capt. Brockway. Without consulting Senator Buckalew, who undoubtedly considers that the report comes from a bitter Republican journal, and from the enemies of both gentlemen, (in a political sense,) we have the authority of our candidate to state that the relations, political, professional, and otherwise, so far as he knows, are of the most cordial character; and that Senator Buckalew has repeatedly declared that in no event would he be a candidate against him. If Mr. Buckalew had wanted the nomination of Columbia County, he could have had it probably without a dissenting vote, and the men who know him should not for a moment suspect him of a secret or disgraceful intrigue.

HON. GEORGE D. JACKSON.

The selection of Mr. Jackson as State Senator is an excellent nomination. He is a gentleman of large experience, of great energy, and acknowledged ability, and will carry with him the solid vote of the Democracy of the district. He has been in the Legislature several times before, and proved himself there an honest and able representative. Though not nominated by the vote of Columbia County, his selection gives entire satisfaction to the people, and he will receive our usual large majority. It was only a strong desire on the part of Columbia County to secure the choice of her own candidate that prevented her from making Mr. Jackson's nomination much sooner. He was our second choice, and his nomination is received by all with approval. His election is beyond all question

THE BIG STRIKE OF 1871.

The *New York World* in its issue of May 9th, 1871, speaking editorially of the question, says:—

MR. SINEY'S LETTER.

"We published yesterday a letter from Mr. Siney, the leader of the miners' organization of Pennsylvania, to the Labor Reform Convention now in session in this city. This letter is a full and intelligent account of the position and claims of the miners in their present struggle. It was hardly to have been expected that the local Pennsylvania papers, from which most journals outside of that State have obtained their information as to the coal troubles, should show any sympathy with the miners. Those papers are naturally dependent upon the corporations and the moneyed classes for their advertisements and subscriptions, and as is natural, they take the course which best pleases their patrons. It is however, surprising that no leading paper except *The World* has shown any disposition to give the miners a fair hearing. Even the Philadelphia papers, which published in full Mr. Gowen's defence of the railway companies, paid no attention whatever to Mr. Brockway's argument, which set forth the miner's view of the struggle with quite as much ability as was shown by Mr. Gowen. Everywhere the same disposition to take sides against the men and in favor of the corporations has been shown.

H. A. Sweppenheiser was fairly and squarely nominated for County Treasurer, and is therefore entitled to the undivided support of the Democracy, and will receive it. Stick to the ticket, and do not be led astray by a disappointed candidate, who runs independently because the people refused to nominate him.

The campaign has necessarily languished, in consequence of the delay in nominating candidates for Congress and Senator. Now that the ticket is completed, let every true Democrat buckle down to work. *Stand by the nominees.* Bolting may be congenial to some gentlemen, but they should remember that this is not an "off year," and that the Democratic party cannot afford to lose victory by indulging in side-shows, gotten up in the main by needy adventurers, or unsuccessful politicians. *All* candidates cannot succeed in their aspirations, and however bitter their disappointment, the majority *must* rule. Tricks at times *may* succeed, but square dealing will win in the long run.

The generous support of Montour County given in the late Conference for Columbia's choice for Congress, deserves more than a passing recognition. It clearly indicates that private feuds shall no longer divide the Democracy of the two counties, and personal ambitions have been subordinated to the party good. The mother county grasps the hand of her estranged daughter, and hereafter may peace, amity, and reciprocity prevail.

Whilst the next Congress is already assured to the Democrats since the recent elections, there is no reason why Captain Brockway, the nominee from this heavy Democratic District, should lose a vote by reason of the wishes of disappointed men. The party should see to it that personal ambition should not override the expressed will of the people.

William Krichbaum was nominated for Prothonotary by a large majority. What excuse can there be for an independent candidate? The man who always bolts when he can't be nominated himself is not a friend of the Democratic party. Stick to the ticket!

Wanted, a financier, Greenback-Labor speaker preferred, to go to Turkey to tell them how to make a cart-load of irredeemable paper currency buy a loaf of bread.

Do not be misled by a bolting candidate. Vote the straight Democratic ticket.

TO DEMOCRATS OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

The time is drawing near when the Democrats of Columbia county will be called upon to show their strength and unity. Let me call upon you to rally again to our standard. Let those who have been in doubt hesitate no longer but come out as of old, boldly and nobly, without fear or doubt, now the hour of triumph approaches, and share the glory of the great victory that is at hand. Come and help those who are honestly trying to carry out the principles of reform. Do not waste your votes by casting them with any new party, but stand firm to our old principles and all will be well. Do not be carried away by new fallacies, but be true and firm and our efforts will be crowned with success.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Chairman.

REPORT OF CONFEREES.

The undersigned, Congressional conferees appointed by the Democratic Convention of Columbia county, will briefly state their action at conferences held at Stroudsburg and Hazleton, of which conferences some newspaper accounts have been already published.

Regarding the action of the conferees (disputed and undisputed) who were first upon the ground at Stroudsburg as premature and unfair, we joined the conferees from Carbon and Monroe, and afterwards agreed to admit irregular conferees from Pike.

Two conferences were therefore in session at the same time, but each acting under a rule that a majority of the whole number of votes in a full conference of the district should be required to nominate. Upon the basis of this rule we continued to act afterwards, believing that it would prevent a disputed nomination, and that it was just and reasonable, and would probably lead to concession, harmony and party success.

No nomination being effected after votes taken, the conference in which we sat adjourned to meet at Hazleton on the 15th of October, the other conference adjourning to meet at Scranton the day before. In the latter body were regular conferees from Montour and Pike, and disputed ones from parts of Luzerne and Lackawanna included in the congressional district—those, however, from Lackawanna being disputed only as to number.

At Hazleton, during the 15th, 16th, and part of 17th of October, the vote stood generally 9 for Klotz, and 3 for Brockway—10 being required to nominate. Meantime, no action was taken at Scranton toward a nomination, but it was well known that the conference there would never agree to Mr. Klotz. No concession or compromise being proposed to us by the other conferees at Hazleton, or likely to be proposed, and our instructions not being withdrawn, Mr. Hoffman, of our number, left in the mid-day train, the two others of us being left behind by missing the train. We, who remained, concluded to continue in the conference, hoping in some way to avoid the evil of a split in the district.

In the evening of the same day, upon a telegram received from Scranton, we submitted to our colleagues of the conference a plan for securing an harmonious and united nomination for the district, which they declined. They then proceeded to adopt a resolution rescinding the rule of nomination, and substituting for it a majority of those present. This, we objected to; and, upon its adoption, refused to take further part in their proceedings, and returned home.

This is a statement of the leading facts in the case, which we choose to give "without note or comment." We will only add that we were treated with much courtesy by the other members of the conference, and have only to regret that our joint labors did not result in uniting our party in the district.

DAVID LOWENBERG,
T. J. SWISHER.

Address of Chairman Speer.

TO THE DEMOCRATS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The command of the hour is *Forward!* The duty of the hour is prompt, earnest thorough organization. With the result of the late state elections before us, the highway to victory is so plain that even the blind can walk in it. Let Democrats worship at their own altar! Let the men who have stood by our standard through storm and hail—through defeat and disaster—strike their locks again and present an unbroken front to the common foe. Read with an open eye, and consider with honest heart, the result in Ohio and Indiana. They bring you fruitful lessons.

In Indiana the Democrats followed the old flag, and stood shoulder to shoulder in the shock of battle. Victory now gilds their ensign; a majority approaching twenty thousand for our state ticket, and the election of nine out of thirteen members of congress—a gain of five—majority in the legislature are the substantial fruits of their devotion.

In Ohio we have elected eleven members of congress, a gain of three; but, while in a pitiable minority of the whole popular vote, the Republicans have elected their state ticket by a small plurality, through the folly of our own people. A sufficient number of Democrats wandered into the Greenback organization to secure defeat of their old faith and the temporary success of their relentless foe. The Republicans who pretended to be Greenbackers betrayed their professions, and at the polls deserted their new party. And now the Democrats who were misled and deceived in the consuming shame and sorrow of their betrayal awoke to the truth that they have been made the instruments to perpetuate Republican misrule and to defeat their old friends and cause.

Democrats of Pennsylvania, I call upon you to swear with uplifted hand that like tactics and treachery, led by corrupt men and means, shall not succeed here in November. To pause in your duty is a crime. United, the state is ours, and the feast of Indiana will be spread upon our table. If you waste your ballot upon a third candidate the spoiler will reap the harvest and rob you of your own! Loaded with the plunder of many years, the Republican managers are debauching the people, and are maintaining Greenback organizations in Democratic counties for the cunning purpose of dividing our forces and thus securing our defeat. Hopelessly demoralized themselves, in their utter despair, they seek to divide us. Shall the lesson of Ohio and Indiana pass unheeded? If faithful to our flag no human power can arrest our march or delay our triumph.

And why should Democrats desert their party now? The evils and burdens under which the people groan are the bitter fruits of Republican rule. Shall our folly perpetuate in power the authors of our woe? Or shall we not, burying minor differences, unite our forces and go forward to their overthrow? The path of duty and of safety is before us, and I summon every Democrat in the state to walk in it. If any of our people have been hesitating they must now see that the only hope of success is with us. With a history dating from the birth of the nation; honored with illustrious names and deed, the Democratic party calls its wayward children back to its fold, that they may share in the joy and rejoicing of its coming victory.

R. M. SPEER,
Chmn State Democratic Committee.

ADDRESS TO DEMOCRATIC VOTERS OF THE 11TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

My Fellow Democrats:

When our Republican friends associated the counties of Carbon, Columbia, Luzerne, Monroe, Montour and Pike in one congressional district containing 8400 Democratic majority, they gave strong evidence of their intimate acquaintance with the foibles of Democratic nature; by placing these Democratic counties together, they first put it out of our power to damage the majorities of neighboring Republican counties in matters congressional, and then calculated largely on that irresistible tendency which each democrat appears to inherit along with his principles, to rap his brother democrat on the head the moment the republican heads are out of sight. Human nature as we have frequently heard is proverbially weak and I think we ought all be willing to affirm that democratic nature is no improvement on the original article; so that where the stakes played for constitute so glittering a prize as a nomination equivalent to an election, it might well have been supposed that internal dissensions would sooner or later cause us to dissipate our strength on several Congressional Candidates. An exercise of the principles of common sense could of course always prevent this; but then that is just precisely the article which they thought we would not always carry around with us, and recent events have shown them to be entirely correct in their impressions; because the contingency which our Republican friends foresaw is now upon us, we have two democratic candidates in the field and as the only remedy for this state of affairs, every one of you is now called upon to exercise at least a small portion of that "mother wit" which the Lord has seen fit to temporarily withhold from the men whom you had appointed to guard your interests.

HOW THE SPLIT OCCURRED.

In 1874 when representation in the Democratic Conference was fixed, the counties of Columbia and Luzerne were desirous that each county should receive conferees in proportion to either its population, its joint democratic and republican vote, or its democratic vote. The rest of the district however did not believe in this plan; but insisted that each county should be represented by 3 conferees. Columbia and Luzerne were obliged to yield, the law was placed upon the records of the conference and to this day has not been repealed; but when the young democratic sister of Lackawanna claimed admission to the conference under this very resolution, several very nice respectable and presumedly guileless democrats in the county of Carbon, put on their leather specks and began to question whether this little democratic sister—although she gave abundant promise of being a very lively child—had not better been kept in her cradle for several years longer, they also seemed to be afraid that if Lackawanna were admitted she would be entitled to vote on a question of contest respecting the conferees from the county of Luzerne.

My firm belief is that upon both questions of representation and contest, the inquiry made by these guileless democrats, was not, "Who is justly entitled to sit?" but "How will these men vote after they get into the conference?" and is only another exhibition of that bad faith which Democrats occasionally practice on their brothers in Democracy, and here let me further say that whenever Democrats relinquish the abominable practice of trying to deceive each other and are prepared to meet on the broad and safe foundation of truth, that in my opinion Democratic party interests, will be much better subserved in both this Congressional District and the State at large.

THE CONFERENCE ORGANIZED

at Stroudsburg. Two of the Carbon county conferees were belated, as was also the entire delegation from Columbia. The two Carbon county men were late it is said because they waited too long for three conferees from Hazleton, who were in the interests of Mr. Klotz, and who proposed to contest the delegation from Luzerne, if this be so, it is only another instance of "The engineer hoist by his own petard." The men who were late together with the Monroe delegation which was not late; but upon the ground refused to go into the regular organization but went into an organization of their own to which two of the Hazleton contestants were admitted to sit for Luzerne county, after which, in a very guileless and innocent way, they allowed Mr. Gorman also from Luzerne to sit for the county of Lackawanna.

The only effect of the regular organization was to give the county of Lackawanna the representation which she claimed under the resolution of 1874, it in no wise affected the Luzerne contest which could have been settled as well after as before organization. Each conference after balloting for several days without result, adjourned, the Klotz party to Hazleton, the regular organization to Scranton.

THE WEEK AFTER THE ADJOURNMENT

should have been devoted to calm reflection. Every consideration of duty to the interests of the party demanded that the Conference should be united, and that but one nomination be made; and any Democrat invested with proper authority, who used his influence to prevent harmony, I would think did not faithfully discharge the trust committed to his care. Men may at times be justified in skirmishing for position; but when they would sooner see the party defeated, unless their peculiar views prevail, their tactics certainly do not deserve to be dignified by the name of generalship. Little boys can do as well as that every day in the week.

Of these propositions the regular Conference at Scranton was highly sensible, and overtures of peace were accordingly made to Hazleton; they were, however, very promptly declined by Carbon, which county, as a matter of fact, has, I think, caused most of the trouble, and furnished about all the blunders that have been known to the fight.

TWO NOMINATIONS.

Several days afterward, the Columbia delegation, disgusted with Hazleton tactics, came into the regular Conference at Scranton, which action on their part was hastily followed by the nomination of Mr. Klotz, on the same evening, at Hazleton. On the next day, in a cool, deliberate, and dignified manner,

MR. C. B. BROCKWAY,

of Columbia, was nominated at Scranton, having received the unanimous vote of 15 conferees. Of the regularity of his nomination there can be no question, for although the right of 5 of these conferees to sit was questioned by the Hazleton conferees, 10 of them were not in dispute, and these 10 were held by the Hazleton party themselves, as both sufficient and necessary to effect a nomination in accordance with the rules of the district.

IMPOSSIBLE TO ELECT MR. KLOTZ.

I think it will require but a moment's reflection on your part, after examining the figures in Smull's Hand-Book, to force you to the conclusion that Mr. Klotz does not stand the shadow of a chance of being elected. The Greenback vote as yet is an unknown quantity in the fight, but will receive more Democratic than Republican votes. Now, on a supposition that Mr. Klotz will get all the Democratic and Democratic-Greenback votes in the counties of Carbon and Monroe, his account might possibly stand as well as the following:

Carbon	3,100
Monroe	3,192
Luzerne, Lackawanna, Columbia, Montour and Pike	1,000
Total	7,292

This is a very liberal estimate for Mr. Klotz, and is very many more votes than I think he can by any possibility get. At any rate, I should be very sorry to think his chance of reaching heaven was no better. Now, in 1876, the Republican candidate polled 10,172 votes, and as all Republican-Greenbackers are pretty sure to vote for General Albright, it follows that Mr. Klotz will come out of the fight nearly 3,000 votes behind that gentleman—in fact, every vote you cast for Mr. Klotz may endanger the election of Mr. Brockway, as it is indirectly a vote for General Albright, who, although in every respect an estimable gentleman, would not represent our principles should he be sent to Congress.

FISHING FOR DEMOCRATS.

Our opponents have set two nets to catch Democrats in this fight: in one, they have put the Greenback as bait; for the other, they have stuffed in Mr. Klotz. The Labor-Greenback net when hauled to shore after election, will contain nothing but Irish Democrats; the Mr. Klotz net will contain nothing but Democrats from Monroe and Carbon—every man of whom, as a matter of course, will be pleased to hear the laughter of his Republican friends as a reward for services.

WAS MR. KLOTZ NOMINATED?

I have heretofore spoken of Mr. Klotz as having been nominated, because I understand he calls himself a nominee, and I wished to be as complimentary to him as possible. The records of his convention show that after he had received nine votes some three or four hundred times—which neither he nor anybody else suspected were sufficient to nominate him—that on the 466th ballot the value of nine votes changed, and the discovery was suddenly made that Mr. Klotz was nominated. There is no great display of generalship in a move of that kind; but it certainly does prove rather conclusively that all the heathen Chinese in the district do not grow on the soil of Luzerne and Lackawanna counties.

ATTENTION!

Then, attention! all along the lines, while the colors are moving to the centre. It is the same old flag which Jefferson bequeathed to our fathers, which you and I have often followed to victory in this district, and which it is our duty to preserve, although certain men within our ranks, in the delirium of rage, would hand it to the enemy. But if you are half as true to yourselves as I will be to your interests, we will not in this fight hand over the district to our implacable foes. And now, God bless you all, and—Forward! March!

EDWIN SHORTZ,
Chairman.

By order of Executive Committee.

Voters, beware! It is a common, although disreputable practice, for opposing parties and candidates on the eve of election to throw out slanders—"roorbacks"—against opponents. It is usually done when there is no opportunity for reply. We all remember how this was done in 1872, when Buckalew was a candidate for Governor. He was not only charged with correspondence with the rebel authorities during the war, but with having organized an insurrection in the county, which our citizens knew to be false.

Will the Rev. E. E. Orvis—as he has been nominated for Congress by the Labor party—explain to his Catholic constituents, if he has any, whether or not in some of his written and oral sermons—of course, previous to his nomination by the Nationals to Congress—he did not denounce the Catholic church, its priesthood, and the German and Irish members of it? He can answer through his constituted organs, but let it be before the election, in time to produce evidence to the voters.

Greenbacks and Absolute Money.

The existing greenback, it may be claimed, is worth as much as a national bank note of corresponding denomination, but it is to be answered that the greenback, as it exists, does not pretend to be "absolute money." It is a promise of the United States to pay money, and there is no sane financial man who does not know that it is a promise to pay coin, or something that directly represents coin. A greenback is good, and only good, because the country accepts it as a pledge of gold or silver. The precious metals have been accepted, the world over, as the basis of currency, and when men talk about money they invariably talk about that which has its basis in coined metals. A paper dollar always represents a gold or a silver dollar. Throughout the long period during which specie payments have been suspended in the United States, the value of bank-notes and of greenbacks has been sustained by the faith that ultimately—sooner or later—every dollar would be redeemed or redeemable in coin. There was a time when it took two dollars in paper to buy one in gold, and the gap between that period and this has gradually been closed, as the certainty has increased that the promise upon the face of the paper dollar would be redeemed. If the greenback were to be changed to-day, so that it would bear no such pledge, it would become very cheap money indeed. It would hardly be worth the paper it is printed on.

There is no power on earth that can legislate value into paper. If paper does not represent value, it is good for nothing, and no government can make it good for anything. The question of cheap money, for the benefit of the laborer, for instance, is "as broad as it is long." If money is good for anything, it will have to be paid for in labor. The markets of the world settle the values of merchandise. We may legislate that every bushel of wheat shall be worth five dollars, but our legislation will have not the slightest effect upon the price. Wheat is wheat the world over, and the price is regulated by the great law of demand and supply. Money is money the world over, and money is gold and silver the world over, and every article that a man possesses and has for sale will be regulated in its price by the relation which it bears to some gold unit in the markets of the world. Money cannot be so made that a man can get something for nothing. It cannot be so made that he can get it for less than the market price in labor. The idea that it can be so made is a delusion and a snare of the devil, or a demagogue, who is his most obedient servant.—*J. G. Holland; Scribner for November.*

The *Philadelphia Record* says that seven-eighths of the real estate in that city is mortgaged. There are about 120,000 unsatisfied mortgages on property in the city, of which nearly two-thirds are held by building and loan associations.

Take Your Choice.

Henry M. Hoyt and Samuel R. Mason, the Republican and National candidates for Governor were at home working for their fees from railroad corporations while Andrew H. Dill was in the Senate working and voting to give laboring men their rights under the Constitution. Which of these three men ought you to support? Hoyt, the candidate of the Cameron ring, Mason the paid lawyer of the railroads, or Dill, the people's gallant servant and Senator? No measure for the benefit of the laboring men of the state was ever brought up that Dill didn't vote for and he is the author of much of the legislation that has been of real benefit to the people. Throughout his whole life Andrew H. Dill has been the unswerving and steadfast friend of the working man, and has shown it by his entire course in the Legislature. We ask the laboring men, therefore—the men who earn their bread in the sweat of their faces—to vote for honest Andy Dill, who has always stood up and fought for them and for the protection and advancement of their interests in the House, in the Senate, on the stump, in private life, and under every and all circumstances. One of his competitors, the Republican candidate, Colonel Hoyt, is the pet and tool of the Cameron ring. What sympathy can working men have for him? The other, Mr. S. R. Mason, has been a corporation attorney all his life, taking heavy fees for his service from railroad companies and like monopolies. How can working men vote for him? But every hard-handed laborer in the State can consistently vote for Mr. Dill, because he has proved himself their friend. Between these three men the working men must make choice, and we have the utmost confidence that they will range themselves in impregnable strength on the side of the noble and gallant little Democratic candidate.—*Bellefonte Watchman.*

SOLDIERS' APPEAL.

BLOOMSBURG, Columbia Co., Pa., August 22d, 1878.

Gentlemen of 11th Congressional Delegation: Before this little petition is handed to you, you will have learned that C. B. Brockway, Esq., was the choice of this county for Congress, as declared by its late Convention, as in reality he has been for the last eight years. The large Democratic majorities of this county have been steadily on the increase, to which constant gain the soldier portion of the county has contributed its full share. If our memory is not at fault, Columbia County, with her large agricultural, manufacturing and mining interests, and one of the oldest counties, too, formed since the present United States Constitution, has not furnished a Representative to Congress since the official term of Owen D. Leib—a period of about forty years. The 11th District has not had one of her soldier-citizens to represent her during or since the war, and she has had but once in that time one of her soldiers placed in nomination—Captain Brockway, in 1870, when the district majority was almost thirteen hundred against him, which large majority he overcame all to about a hundred and ten or twelve votes. It does seem like a just tribute *now* to Mr. Brockway to receive the nomination, as he accepted it *eight years ago*, with what seemed like an *overwhelming* majority against him, which he almost overcame, and would have done so quite, with votes to spare, but for the deluded and misinformed African, who, for the first time in his life, had the right of franchise. And it at this coming nomination the congressional delegates should favor Captain Brockway with the nomination, it would be highly gratifying and encouraging to all of his old companions in arms to see him elected a lawmaker for our common country, which he efficiently aided in the defence of throughout nearly the whole four years of our recent interregnum, as attested to by a few of that number, irrespective of party proclivities, with their names and regiments herein subscribed:—

C. K. Hughes, Major, 143d P. V.
T. Jeff. Vanderslice, Co. I, 136th P. V.
J. H. Maize, Co. F, 143d P. V.
Frank P. Drinker, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
C. S. Furman, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
B. T. Laycock, Co. I, 31st N. J. V.
W. H. Gilmore, Co. E, 132d P. V.
C. E. Savage, Co. G, 1st Pa. Battery.
W. H. Jacoby, Q. M. S., Co. F, 178th P. V. M.
B. F. Sharpless, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
G. W. Sterner, Co. E, 132d, and Co. E, 209th P. V.
Charles S. Fornwald, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
John Howell, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
William E. Coffman, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
Isaac Roadarmel, Co. E, 132d P. V.
W. O. Holmes, Signal Corps U. S. A.
C. M. Vanderslice, Co. H, 28th P. V. M.
Wm. F. Bodine, Co. H, 28th P. V. M.
J. C. Sterner, Co. R, 171st P. V. M.
James Cadman, Co. E, 132d P. V.
G. W. Jacoby, Co. I, 178th P. V.
B. F. Whitenight, Co. G, 2d Pa. Heavy Artillery.
John R. Graham, Co. D, 11th U. S. Inf.
John Osmun, Co. I, 178th P. V.
John R. Mordan, Co. F, 178th P. V.
Henry Herrington, Co. F, 52d P. V.
Mathias Kindt, Co. I, 178th P. V.
Amzi Whitenight, 132d P. V.
Amos Wanich, Co. G, 178th P. V.
U. H. Ent, Captain, Co. B, 28th P. V. M.
Lafayette Applegate, Co. D, 132d P. V.
John Gethin, Co. H, 7th Pa. Cav.
George W. Mears, Sergeant, Co. A, 6th P. R. V. C.
James Ohl, Co. A, 209th P. V.
I. H. Seesholtz, Captain, Co. K, 118th P. V.
Joseph H. Vansickle, 28th and 148th P. V.
Henry Whitenight, Bat. A, 112th Pa.
A. J. Beagle, Co. H, 112th P. V.
G. D. Hall, Co. H, 7th Pa. Cav.
Thomas Hopkins, Co. B, 103d P. V.
David Hartman, Co. A, 94th P. V.
Henry Wm. Vanderslice, Co. E, 16th Pa. Cav.
Daniel Smith, 16th Pa. Cav.
And many others.

The young man to whom the world "owes a living" has been turned out of doors, his landlady not being willing to take the indebtedness of this world on her shoulders.

HUNT'S REMEDY The Great Kidney Medicine is not a new compound; it has been before the public 30 years and used by all classes. HUNT'S REMEDY has saved from lingering disease and death hundreds who have been given up by Physicians to die. HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, and Incontinence and Retention of Urine. HUNT'S REMEDY encourages sleep, creates an appetite, braces up the system, and renewed health is the result. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Loins, General Debility, Female Diseases, Disturbed Sleep, Loss of Appetite, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and all Complaints of the Urino-Genital Organs. HUNT'S REMEDY is purely vegetable, and meets a want never before furnished to the public, and the utmost reliance may be placed in it. HUNT'S REMEDY is prepared EXPRESSLY for the above diseases, and has never been known to fail. One trial will convince you. Send for pamphlet to

WM. E. CLARKE, Providence, R. I. **HUNT'S REMEDY.**

aug. 9, '78-y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

ESTATE OF DANIEL MILLER, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Daniel Miller late of Beaver township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administratrix. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned Administratrix without delay.

ELIZABETH MILLER, Beaver twp., Administratrix.
C. W. MILLER, Att'y.
oct. 25, '78-6w

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

The undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Knorr, deceased, under authority contained in said will, will expose to sale by public vendue or outcry on the premises, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on

Saturday, November 23d, 1878,

the following described real estate to-wit: All that certain

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in the Town of Bloomsburg (late township of Bloom) Columbia county, Pennsylvania, adjoining the North Branch of the Susquehanna River on the south, Big Fishingcreek on the west, lands of S. V. Boone on the north, and lands of S. V. Boone and Daniel Brifogle on the east, containing

62 ACRES,

more or less, whereon is erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

out-kitchen, a good Frame Bank Barn, wagon shed and other out-buildings, well of water at the dwelling house, a Good APPLE ORCHARD, all under good cultivation.

It includes the Grove, known as the

Rupert Pic Nic Grounds

and is within about five hundred yards of the depots of the Philadelphia & Reading, and Lackawanna & Bloomsburg Rail Roads

TERMS OF SALE.—$150 00 to be paid at the striking down of the property, one-third the balance of purchase money to be paid on the first day of April 1879 when possession will be given, and balance of purchase money to be paid on the first day of April 1880 with interest on same from 1st April A. D., 1879. Crops in the ground reserved.

JOHN G. QUICK, Executor.
Rupert, Pa., Oct. 21, 1878-ts.

Bogus Certificates.

It is no vile drugged stuff, pretending to be made of wonderful foreign roots, barks, &c., and puffed up by long bogus certificates of pretended miraculous cures, but a simple, pure, effective medicine, made of well known valuable remedies, that furnishes its own certificates by its cures. We refer to Hop Bitters, the purest and best of medicines. See "Truths" and "Proverbs" in another column.

In spite of flannels, coughs and colds will make a lodgment in the system. But they are not tenants at will. You can dispossess them with *Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar* in less time than it takes a sheriff to execute a writ. Sold by all druggists.

Pike's toothache drops cure in one minute.

POLITICAL.

STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
ANDREW H. DILL,
OF UNION COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME COURT,
HENRY P. ROSS,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
JOHN FERTIG,
OF CRAWFORD COUNTY.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA,
OF HUNTINGDON COUNTY.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
C. B. BROCKWAY,
OF COLUMBIA COUNTY.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
GEORGE D. JACKSON,
OF SULLIVAN.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
T. J. VANDERSLICE,
OF BLOOMSBURG.
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
OF CATAWISSA.

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
WILLIAM KRICKBAUM,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY,
OF BLOOMSBURG.

FOR TREASURER,
H. A. SWEPPENHISER,
OF CENTRE TOWNSHIP.

FOR COMMISSIONERS,
STEPHEN POHE
OF CENTRE TOWNSHIP.
CHARLES REICHART,
OF BEAVER TOWNSHIP.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
SAMUEL E. SMITH,
OF BRIARCREEK TOWNSHIP.
WILLIAM L. MANNING,
OF JACKSON TOWNSHIP.

Democratic Standing Committee.

Beaver—Jesse Rittenhouse, Mountain Grove, Luzerne count.
Benton—John S. Kline, Benton.
Berwick Bor.—Wm. T. Snyder, Berwick.
Bloomsburg East—D. Lowenberg, Bloomsburg.
Bloomsburg West—C. S. Furman, Bloomsburg.
Briarcreek—Joseph Lamon, Berwick.
Catawissa—Wahlon Hamlin, Catawissa.
Centralia Borough—Owen Cain, Centralia.
Centre—Joseph Weiss, Lime Ridge.
Conyngham North—Bernard Doyle, Ashland.
Conyngham South—John P. Hannon, Ashland.
Fishingcreek—J. M. Howell, Van Camp
Franklin—Peter G. Campbell, Catawissa.
Greenwood—I. A. DeWitt, Rohrsburg.
Hemlock—N. P. Moore, Buck Horn.
Jackson—Frank Derr, Rohrsburg.
Locust—Daniel Morris, Numedia.
Madison—J. M. Smith, Jerseytown.
Main—J. W. Shuman, Mainville.
Mifflin—D. H. Montgomery, Mifflinville.
Montour—Benneville Rhodes, Rupert.
Mt. Pleasant, Joseph R. Ikeler, Canby.
Orange—M. B. Patterson, Orangeville.
Pine—John F. Fower, Pine Summit.
Roaringcreek—J. B. Klinger, Roaringcreek.
Scott—Jacob Terwilliger, Light Street.
Sugarloaf—J. G. Laubach, Cole's Creek.

D. LOWENBERG, Chairman.

Vigilance Committee.

Beaver—J. J. Hartzell, Charles Michael.
Berwick—A. D. Seeley, I. S. Hunt.
Benton—John C. Winner, Rohr McHenry, A. Harman, T. B. Cole
Bloom E—Robert Buckingham, Peter Jones, Frank Billmyer, John P. Casey, Paul E. Wirt, John Beaghan.
Bloom W—G. A. Clark, Robert R. Little, Thomas Gorey, T. W. Gunton, William Barratt.
Briarcreek—A. B. Coop, Charles Reed.
Catawissa—Reuben Shuman, G. W. Stricker, Gideon Haldeman.
Centralia—Patrick Dixon, Thomas Curran.
Centre—Theodore Conner, David Reuley, J. P. Hayman.
Conyngham N—Thomas Ennis, C. G. McGuire.
Conyngham S—John Monroe, Bernhard Haley.
Fishingcreek—B. F. Edgar, Cyrus McHenry, Frank Wolf, Louis Belshline.
Franklin—Joseph Reeder, Rolandus Herbein.
Greenwood—G. W. Utt, William Eyer, George Derr, Daniel Welliver.
Hemlock—William Tilley, William Girton, Simon Reichart.
Jackson—W. P. Robbins, Augustus Everhart.
Locust—W. Yeager, Clinton Hower, David Long.
Madison—T. L. Hess, W. R. Demott, Isaac Whipple.
Main—Nathan Miller, W. T. Shuman
Mifflin—Samuel Snyder, E. Schweppenheiser, J. H. Hetler.
Montour—P. A. Evans, James Quick, W. P. Mouser.
Mt. Pleasant—D. Stroup, Francis Miller.
Orange—W. H. Snyder, A. B. White
Pine—Daniel Gordner, P. W. Sones.
Roaringcreek—David Long, John Mowrer.
Scott—S. S. Bachman, R. Ent, W. E. Dietterick
Sugarloaf—Joshua B. Hess, Norman Cole

Democratic Platform

The democracy of Pennsylvania unanimously declare:

That the republican party, its measures and its men, are responsible for the financial distress, the misery and the want that now exist;

It has had control of the legislation of the country, and has enacted and perpetuated a policy that has enriched the few and impoverished the many;

Its system of finance has been one of favor to moneyed monopoly, of unequal taxation, of exemption of classes, of high rates of interest, and of remorseless contraction, which has destroyed every enterprise that gave employment to labor.

Its present hold upon federal power was secured by fraud, perjury and forgery. Its laws are unjust and it practices immoral; they distress the people and destroy their substance.

The only remedy for these evils is an entire change of policy and the dethronement of those in power.

And we resolve that further contraction of the volume of United States legal tender notes is unwise and unnecessary; they should be received for customs duties and reissued as fast as received.

Gold silver and United States legal tender notes at par therewith, are just basis for paper circulation.

A close connection of the federal government with the business interests of the people, through national banks, tends to monopoly and centralization, but, in changing the system, uniformity of notes, security to the note holder and protection of the capital invested, should be provided for.

Treasury notes issued in exchange for bonds bearing a low rate of interest, is the best form in which the credit of the government can be given to a paper currency.

Labor and capital have equal demands upon and responsibilities to law. Commerce and manufactures should be encouraged, so that steady work and fair wages may be yielded to labor, whilst safety of investment and moderate returns for its use belong to capital. Violence or breach of order in support of the real or supposed rights of either should be promptly suppressed by the strong arm of the law.

The republican party, by its legislation in 1872, which reduced the tariff on bituminous coal from $1.25 to 75 cents per ton, and upon iron, steel, wool, metals, paper glass, leather, and all manufactures of each of them ten per cent, struck a fatal blow at the industries and labor of Pennsylvania.

The public lands are the common property of the people, and they should not be sold to speculators nor granted to railroad or other corporations, but should be reserved for homesteads for actual settlers.

Our public debt should be held at home, and the bonds representing it should be of small denominations, in which the savings of the masses may be safely invested.

Thorough investigation into the electoral frauds of 1876 should be made, fraud should be exposed, truth vindicated and criminals punished; but we oppose any attack upon the Presidential title as dangerous to our institutions and fruitless in its results.

The republican party, controlling the legislation of the state, has refused to execute many of the reforms of the new constitution; and among other things, it has neglected and refused

To compel the acceptance of all its provisions by the corporations of the state;

To prevent undue and unreasonable discrimination in charges for transportation of freight and passengers, and without abatement or drawback to any.

To give to all equal means for transporting raw material of the state in such manner and to such points as they may prefer; and

To publish in good faith monthly statements of where the money of the people was kept.

The republican party creates new offices and enormous perquisites to others, and fills them with favorites, whose chief duty is to manage its political machinery.

Its administration of the state government grows more expensive with each year of its rule.

Legislation has been directed by republican lobbyists, who in turn manipulate and control the nominations of the republican party, and its candidates are the creation of a junta whose decrees are accepted as the irreversible mandates of absolute hereditary power.

We denounce these methods, these measures, and these men, as unworthy the support of an honest and free people, and we invite all of every shade of political opinion, to unite with us in delivering the commonwealth from their hateful rule.

JOB PRINTING Neatly and cheaply executed at the COLUMBIAN Office.



ON DAILY EXHIBITION

In the various Departments of their elegant new store,

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER

Have placed the rarest novelties in Silks, Dress Fabrics, etc., to be found by patient, personal search in the great manufacturing centres of Europe.

Every lady within reach of Philadelphia should not fail to visit this magnificent display, even if not wishing to buy at the time. No importunity to purchase on the part of salespeople is permitted.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,

We invite attention to the largest and best assortment of SILKS Ever shown in Philadelphia all of which are marked at prices that no American house can possibly undersell. GOOD QUALITY BLACK SILKS 75 and 80 cts. AN EXTRA QUALITY [illegible] SILK, at 90 cts. and we ask that it be compared with any one Dollar Silk selling elsewhere. We offer at ONE DOLLAR PER YARD SIX QUALITIES From the Fine Glace to the Heavy Gros Grain. CACHEMIRE MOUSELINE. Never before sold in any market under $1.25. Also the best makes at $1.25, $1.5, $1.65, $1.75, $1.90, $2.00, 2.25, $2.50, and up to the finest grades. We ask particular attention to an invoice of PONSON'S CACHEMIRE SILK. Secured far under value, and not owned by any other house in this country within 75 cents of our prices. They are in Eight Qualities. $1.2 , $1.55, $1.60, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $2.75

COLORED SILKS at 75 and 80 cents, in the new fall shades. ALL-BOILED LYONS, COLORED SILKS, 19 inches wide at 95 cents. COLORED SILKS Measuring 21 inches, at $1.00 Measuring 22 inches, at $1.25 Measuring 22 inches, at $1.50 Measuring 23 inches, at $1.75 Measuring 23 inches, at $2.00 Measuring 23 inches, at $2.25 All of which are believed to be unequaled anywhere at the price, width, quality and assortment of shades. IN ALL SILK NOVELTIES We have the SATIN PEKIN at $1.50 per yard. BLACK AND COLORED DAMASSE, at $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00. SATINS FOR TRIMMINGS, SATINS FOR SUITS, Including the old style TURK SATIN, Long prized for wear. Comparison has lately shown that our prices are lower than the same quality of goods are being sold by wholesale dealers to the trade.

IN DRESS GOODS:

We make special mention of the following Bargains of recent purchase.

48 INCH WOOL MATELASSE .... $1 Extra heavy and about one-half the cost of production

46 INCH FRENCH CASHMERES .... $1 The actual market value is $1.25.

48 INCH HALF-WOOL CAMEL'S HAIR SUITINGS .... 75 cents Regular Retail price $1.

48 INCH CAMEL'S HAIR SUITINGS .... 50 cents Recommended for quality and cheapness.

36 INCH SILK MIXED TARTANS .... 5 cents In Blue, Green and Cardinal.

CHANTILLION SILK MIXED NOVELTIES, 31 cts Present price elsewhere, 37½ cents.

SCOTCH PLAIDS (SILK MIXED) .... 25 cents Selling elsewhere for 35 cents.

WINTER SERGES .... 25 cents Extra weight and cloth shades.

BRITISH CASSIMERE EFFECTS .... 25 cents Really worth 37½ cents.

ROYAL POPLINS .... 15 cents Two-thirds wool and extra heavy.

ALPACA LUSTRES .... 12½ cents One-half wool and in all desirable colors.

The universal testimony which comes to us from all sources, is, that our stock of Dress Goods is unequaled.

Only a personal visit can give a fair idea of the extent of the stock and our wonderful facilities for its distribution at the smallest possible advance over the first cost of manufacture.

Those who cannot visit us however, are invited to test the merits of our Mail Order Department. Every letter that comes to us requesting SAMPLES, is given the most careful, prompt and intelligent attention. All Mail or Telegraphic Orders are filled in a department organized on a scale unsurpassed anywhere.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,
N. W. Cor. Eighth and Market Sts.
PHILADELPHIA.

Sept 20, '78-tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE
THE BEST OF ALL.

Unrivaled in Appearance,
Unparalleled in Simplicity,
Unsurpassed in Construction,
Unprecedented in Popularity,
And Undisputed in the Broad Claim
OF BEING THE
VERY BEST OPERATING
QUICKEST SELLING,
HANDSOMEST, AND
Most Perfect Sewing Machine
IN THE WORLD.



The great popularity of the White is the most convincing tribute to its excellence and superiority over other machines, and in submitting it to the trade we put it upon its merits, and in no instance has it ever yet failed to satisfy any recommendation in its favor.

The demand for the White has increased to such an extent that we are now compelled to turn out

A Complete Sewing Machine every three minutes in the day to supply the demand!

Every machine is warranted for 3 years, and sold for cash at liberal discounts, or upon easy payments, to suit the convenience of customers.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
No 358 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. Saltzer, Agent,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Oct. 25, 1878-6m

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

Pursuant to an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Pa., will be sold at public sale, on the premises, in the Township of Centre, in said county, on

Thursday, November 14, 1878,

at two o'clock P. M. the following described real estate late of Derrick S. Bowman, deceased to-wit: A farm adjoining on the north lands of S. W. Jackson, on the east lands of Sol. Hausknecht and Benj Hicks, on the south the Susquehanna river and on the west lands of Isaac Cryder and M. W. Jackson, containing

118 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a two-story

FRAME HOUSE,

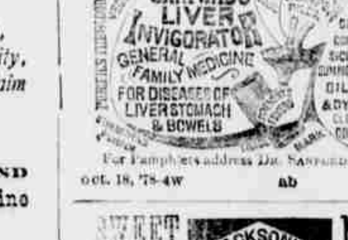
bank barn, wagon house stable, hog pen, cider press, and out-buildings; also, a good spring of water.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi. Deed to be delivered to the purchaser at his expense upon payment of all the purchase money. Purchaser to give approved security for payment of balance of purchase money according to the terms.

E. B. BROWN, Administrator.
Oct. 25, '78-ts.

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH
ROWELL & CHESMAN
Advertising Agents,
THIRD & CHESTNUT STS. ST. LOUIS, Mo.



For Pamphlets address DR. SANFORD, New York.
oct. 18, '78-4w ab

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco

[illegible] at Centennial Exposition for [illegible] qualities and excellence and lasting character [illegible]. The best tobacco ever made. [illegible] trade-mark is closely imitated [illegible] see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, [illegible] Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.
oct. 18, '78-4w ab

The Father Matthew Remedy.

A certain and speedy cure for intemperance. Destroys appetite for alcoholic liquors, and builds up nervous system. AFTER A DEBAUCH or any INTEMPERATE INDULGENCE, A SINGLE TEASPOONFUL WILL REMOVE ALL MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DEPRESSION. It also cures every kind of FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, and TORPIDITY OF THE LIVER. Sold by druggists. Price $1 per bottle. Pamphlet on "Alcohol, Its Effects, Intemperance as a disease," sent free. Father Matthew Temperance and Manufacturing Co., 36 Bond st., New York.
oct. 18, '78-4w ab

PIANOS AND ORGANS AT FACTORY PRICES.

Great Reduction TO CLOSE OUT PRESENT STOCK OF 300 NEW AND SECOND-HAND INSTRUMENTS of first-class makers FULLY WARRANTED and at prices that DEFY COMPETITION, for cash or installments. AGENTS WANTED for WATERS' SUPERIOR BELL ORGANS and PIANOS. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES MAILED. HORACE WATERS & SONS, Manufacturers and Dealers 40 East 14th st., N. Y. Also General Agents for SHONINGER'S Celebrated ORGANS.
oct. 18, '78-4w ab

$7 A DAY to agents canvassing for the Fireside Visitor. Terms and Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine
oct. 18, '78-4w ab

25 FANCY CARDS with name 10c., plain or gold. Agents outfit 10c. 150 styles Hull & Co., Hudson, N. Y. ab oct. 18, '78-4w

Newspaper Advertising Bureau 10 Spruce st. N Y

Estate of Rebecca Smith, deceased.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

Columbia County, ss.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia County. In the matter of the partition and valuation of the estate of Rebecca Smith, (widow of John Smith), late of Madison township, deceased:

To the heirs and legal representatives of said Rebecca Smith, deceased, to-wit: A. K. Smith of Madison township, James Wilson and Susan his wife of Danville, Montour county, Pennsylvania, Charles Dodson and Palmetta his wife of said Madison township, Alexander H. Smith, (residence unknown) John Smith, (residence unknown), Samuel C. Smith, of Greenwood township, said county of Columbia, Anna M. Smith of Danville, aforesaid, B. F. Battin, Guardian of Rosa Smith and Grant Smith, minors resident in Greenwood twp. aforesaid, Jacob Long of Pine township, said County of Columbia, Martha Long of said Madison township, Daniel Long, Jacksonville, Lehigh county, Pennsylvania, Jesse Weise and Matilda his wife, of Orefield, said Lehigh county, Edwin Rabenold and Matilda his wife of said Orefield, Henry Dottery and Hannah his wife, of Guth Station, said Lehigh county, John Klotz, and Emeline his wife of Columbus Junction, Louisa county, Iowa, Peter Haas and Amanda his wife of Allentown, said Lehigh county, Milton Ott and Abigail his wife, of said Allentown, Jacob Lobach and Isabella his wife of Ironton said Lehigh county, George Richard and Susan his wife, of said Allentown, Henry H. Werley, Rosa S. Werley and Alice V. Werley, a minor and Nathan Krum, guardian of said Alice V. Werley, all of said Allentown.

Take notice that an Inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of said Rebecca Smith, deceased, in the township of Madison, Columbia county, on Saturday the sixteenth day of November, 1878, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m., and 4 p. m. of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among her children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Oct 8, '78-4w

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, OCT. 25, 1878

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train	6.56 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M.	4.49 P. M.
Express Train	1.57 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.26 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

PUBLIC SALES.

Executors of William Milnes deceased, will sell real estate at Espy, Lime Ridge and Rupert on November 19th and 20th.

Guardian of Emma Mills will sell real estate in Greenwood, October 26th.

Mary Evans offers real estate in Bloomsburg on October 26th.

Executor of Christian Wolf deceased will sell real estate in Mifflin, November 9th.

The Executors of Henry Beishline, will offer real estate for sale on the premises in Fishingcreek township on November 7th at 1 o'clock p. m.

Administrator of Montgomery Cole deceased will sell real estate in Sugarloaf, November 20th.

See advertisements in other columns.

If you want to see the next Governor of Pennsylvania, go to Berwick on Saturday, the 26th.

McManus and O'Neill have been sentenced to death by Judge Rochefeller, at Sunbury, for the murder of Coroner Hesser, in 1874.

The members and friends of Heller's Church in Madison township desire to return their sincere thanks to those who patronized them at their recent festival.

We can recommend our readers to use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in all cases of Cough, Cold, &c. It only costs 25 cents a bottle, and is warranted to cure.

A lady Missionary, Miss Loring, formerly of Syria, is to speak to ladies next Sunday evening in the Presbyterian church.

There are eighteen grain elevators in Chicago, with an aggregate capacity of over 15,000,000 bushels, and of 250 scales in use in these elevators, over 240 are Fairbanks'.

By special request Col. Freeze will address the meeting in Jackson on Saturday Nov. 2nd, in the afternoon, at Lower Jackson School House.

Consumptives, do not go west or south for relief, but use Haas' Expectorant, which you will find the surest cure, unless the patient is beyond the reach of medical aid.

"The Wine Cup, or the Tempter and Tempted" will be repeated at the Danville Opera House on Saturday evening October 26th. The first performance is highly spoken of. The play is in five acts, and accompanied with beautiful allegorical tableaux, and striking mechanical effects.

A democratic meeting will be held at "Lower Jackson School House" near Judge Derr's in Jackson Township, at two o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday November 2nd, which will be addressed by John G. Freeze.

Mothers should take warning and stop dozing their Babies with laudanum while teething. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup answers the same purpose and is perfectly harmless. Price 25 cents.

At the Colonnade, Philadelphia October 7th, among the arrivals we notice Peter Bloomsburg, Bristol. Now we most respectfully call on Mr. Bloomsburg to report here, and let us see what our namesake looks like, for we take it that Peter is not quite as old as we are. It is the first time we ever saw the name among personal surnames.

When the news came on Wednesday morning that Ohio and Indiana had gone republican, you could see all about the street, the republican greenbacker and the anti-greenback republicans meeting and embracing, and enjoying the result of the trick hugely. They had caught the democratic gudgeon on a paper money hook.

Parents should not fail to notice new advertisement in another column, in relation to Children's Shoes. What the Metal Tip has done for children's heavy shoes, it is to be hoped this new Tip will accomplish for the finer qualities.

It is rather discouraging to buy fine costly shoes for children with the feeling that they will almost certainly be through at the toe with the first few days wear.

Parents will do well to look into this matter.

The Republican Senatorial Conference for this district was held at Williamsport on Tuesday and went through the form of nominating a Candidate for Senator. All the counties were represented. Columbia named A. B. Stewart of Orangeville and Montour named Thomas Beaver of Danville. Mr. Beaver was nominated on the first ballot.

The republicans hesitated a long time as to whether they would name a man of their own, or endorse Jim Herdic, one of the greenback candidates, as Thode Hill wanted them to do. Seeing no chance of Herdic's election, and not liking to take back what they had been saying about the new party, they finally concluded to make a separate nomination. The man of their selection has amassed a large fortune in the iron trade out of the labor of the poor man. And while those who made his money for him where living in absolute want, he spent his time in pleasure traveling in Europe. He is not the friend of the laboring man.

It will be seen in another column that there is a partial list of a soldier's petition for the election of Capt. Brockway to Congress. It is signed by soldiers who belong to the Democratic, Republican, National, and Temperance parties. In justice to Capt. Brockway we must say that he had no hand or knowledge in its preparation or circulation. It was a tribute by comrades irrespective of party. One incentive may have been that he would have attended to their rights, interests, and wants at Washington, so far as lay in his power. In a word, men who have faced death together, are more firmly bound in friendship than by political, religious or other ties. Perhaps, also, they think a Union soldier is better than an ex-rebel Greenback candidate, or a bolter from Carbon whose war exploits were confined to the commissary and "supply" departments,—and Klotz's Republican Gen. Albright neighbor—whose laurels were won by the military invasion of our county for political purposes, and the illegal arrest of innocent citizens. Capt. Brockway battled in the front against an armed foe who sought to destroy the integrity of our Union, whilst Orvis was in Richmond, Albright was arresting our citizens, and Klotz was coining money out of the war.

We have received from Scribner & Co., a book entitled "That Lass O'Lowrie's" by Mrs. Burnett. This story was first published as a serial in Scribner's Magazine, and acquired a wide reputation. In the November number of the Magazine the same writer begins a story called "Haworth's," which we have no doubt will excite the same interest as did her former production. Dr. Holland says of the writer "There is but one English writer—a woman—who can command a better audience in America than the woman whose novel we begin in the present issue of the Monthly" Scribner for November.

BERWICK ! !



The only opportunity to hear our candidate for Governor, Andrew H. Dill, in this county. A Grand Rally of the Democracy of Columbia and Lower Luzerne, at Berwick on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26TH

at two o'clock p. m., will be addressed by

HON. A. H. DILL, and
HON. A. G. COCHRAN.

Come from the valleys, and come from the hills and hear the truth.

A meeting at ODD FELLOW'S HALL in the evening will be addressed by HON. C. B. BROCKWAY, candidate for Congress.

MR. BUCKALEW AND THE CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

The following telegrams which passed between Senator Buckalew and David Lowenberg pending the sessions of the Congressional Conferences at Scranton and Hazleton, from the 15th to 17th October inclusive, are furnished for publication as part of the history of Conference action. Incidentally also they expose a number of petty falsehoods published in the Scranton *Republican* of the 19th regarding the connection of the former gentleman with the question of nomination.

Mr. Buckalew to Mr. Lowenberg.
SCRANTON, October 15, 11:15
D. Lowenberg, Central Hotel, Hazleton.

Have refused offer of nomination, without action of *whole* district. Suppose another nomination will be made here. I go to Carbondale at 2 o'clock.

Same to Same.
SCRANTON, October 16—11, 10 A. M.

Returned from Carbondale and speak at Lackawanna to-night. Here during the day. I do not meddle with action here.

Mr. Lowenberg to Mr. Buckalew.
HAZLETON, October 16—8:22 P. M.
Hon. C. R. Buckalew, Lackawanna, Pa.

Three hundred and sixtieth ballot, no result yet

Mr. Buckalew to Mr. Lowenberg.
SCRANTON, October 17—11:15 A. M.

At Wyoming House to-day and to-morrow, except this evening. Received your telegram.

Mr. Lowenberg to Mr. Buckalew.
HAZLETON, October 17—11:37 A. M.

Four ninety ballots; no result; three to nine. We will go home in one hour, without doing anything. Advise.

Mr. Buckalew to Mr. Lowenberg.
SCRANTON, October 17,—1 P. M.

Telegram received. This Conference will act after dinner, some way. I do not advise you to go home yet. It surrenders everything to discord and chance.

Mr. Lowenberg to Mr. Buckalew.
HAZLETON, October 17,—1:47 P. M.

Brockway and Hoffman are gone. Swisher and myself missed train and are here

Mr. Buckalew to Mr. Lowenberg.
SCRANTON, October 17—3:30 P. M.

Are the other Conferees still in Hazleton? Will they listen to any proposition of compromise on new man, satisfactory to Klotz; my name excluded? If so, will send full proposition to Brodhead. Messrs. Clymer and Myers approve this inquiry and agree, as matters now stand, separate nominations will lose the district.

Mr. Lowenberg to Mr. Buckalew.
HAZLETON, October 17—5:32 P. M.

We are in session, except Hoffman. Will answer soon.

Same to Same.
HAZLETON, October 17—5:46 P. M.

Swisher got telegram from Captain to come to Scranton. I will not go; am I right? What proposition have you to make to Mr. Brodhead?

Mr. Buckalew to Mr. Lowenberg.
SCRANTON, October 17—8 P. M.

Each Conference to adjourn to Wilkesbarre at Valley House. Confer by two from each upon candidate. Each Conference to act by a majority vote. Such names as those of Col. Freeze and Mr. Storm to be considered—mine excluded. Meeting at Wilkesbarre may be waived, but most certain and convenient. I consult only with Clymer and Myers, but can get assent here. Am starting to Dunmore meeting, but back to-night.

Mr. Lowenberg to Mr. Buckalew.
HAZLETON, October 17—9:31 P. M.

Would not agree. Have adopted majority vote; Swisher and myself retired; did not agree to it. Then, the nine made nomination for Klotz.

It is admitted that politics are much mixed this year, and for that reason it is necessary for Democrats to stick to the ticket. There are bolters in the field, but they do not stand a ghost of a chance for election, and it is therefore useless to vote for them. Put your votes where they will do the most good, and do not throw them away on a bolter.

DEATH OF CORONER YEAGER.

Isaiah Yeager, Coroner of Columbia County, died at his home in Locust township, on Friday last. The funeral took place on Monday and the remains were followed to the grave by a large concourse of friends.

This leaves a vacancy in the office of Coroner, which under the provisions of an act of Assembly approved May 15th 1874, must be filled by the appointment of the Governor, the death not having occurred three months or more preceding the general election. No coroner will therefore be elected until the next general election after this year.

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

Resolutions adopted by the Sabbath School at Zion Pa., September 28, 1877, on the death of Clara Pealer who departed this life September 13, 1878.

WHEREAS it has pleased God in his allwise Providence to remove from our midst our friend and sister Clara Pealer.

Therefore resolved that while we bow to the will of Him "who is too wise to err and too good to be unkind" we sincerely regret her loss as a friend and Sabbath school scholar.

Resolved, that we of the Sabbath school of Zion Pa., will cherish her memory and be admonished by her early death of the uncertainty of our lives.

Resolved, that we as a Sabbath school cherish and memorize the words of her last sentiment, "do right and fear not."

Resolved, that we will imitate that which was good in her conduct and life and endeavor so to live that we may constitute one undivided Sabbath school in eternity.

Resolved, that we heartily sympathize with the friends in their bereavement.

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the friends of the deceased and also be printed in the different county papers.

IDA J. PEALER,
M. KATE LAUBACH, } Committee.
ANNIE L. MCHENRY.

All that is left the Republicans of Pennsylvania to contend for is the election of Jack Kehoe's employer as Governor, and a rotten Cameron Legislature. No wonder their enthusiasm is so great.

THE BENTON MASS MEETING.

On Tuesday afternoon, pursuant to call, a grand mass meeting was held at Benton. Nature never gave the people a fairer day. About noon the delegations began to pour in from different quarters. One was headed by the Jerseytown Band, others by drum corps, all bearing flags, and reminding one of a grand military review. Sugarloaf carried to the fore her county flag, won as being the champion township. Jackson was in full force showing the unwavering fidelity of her Democracy. In fact not only the immediate townships, but distant localities were strongly represented, and we have not space for details. After dinner the crowd adjourned to an adjacent field, where a handsome stand had been erected. Gov. Dill's picture was in the back-ground—a large pile of lumber covered with sheeting, and garlands and flowers added beauty to the scene. The meeting organized by selecting the following officers:

President, Col. H. R. Kline; Vice Presidents, Hon. Iram Derr, C. B. McHenry, Andrew Laubach, Geo. Herring, John Baker, A. K. Smith, Jackson Derr, John Mordan, Samuel Rhone, Christian L. Moore; Secretaries, J. J. Karns, J. R. Keeler.

The first speaker was Hon. Geo. D. Jackson, our candidate for Senator, who in a few pointed remarks showed the fallacy of the greenback theory. His remarks were well chosen and calculated to convince many who were in doubt.

Senator Buckalew was the next speaker. In his usual calm, dispassionate manner he exposed the sophistries of greenback orators, and showed plainly that the issue of a depreciated currency would injure rather than better the people. As being the baser money it would float, whilst the better money would be hoarded by misers, banks, corporations, &c. His argument had a telling effect upon his hearers, and he who was not convinced, is beyond the force of argument, or the consideration of facts.

He was followed by Col. J. G. Freeze, who excused himself from making an extended speech, as he proposed to discuss the questions hereafter.

Captain Brockway, the Democratic nominee for Congress, was next introduced. After stating that he had only returned home Saturday night, and had not expected to make a speech, he proceeded to discuss the candidates named—and the State issues involved. He briefly reviewed Republican legislation in reference to currency and finance. He also showed that a vote for Orvis was really a vote for Gen. Albright, the Republican nominee, and the man who headed the forces which invaded the Fishingcreek. He counseled union and united action.

Mr. C. G. Barklay made a brief speech, which was well received.

The meeting then adjourned with cheers for the candidates and speakers. There will be a good report from the upper end.

H. R. KLINE,
Chairman.

J. J. KARNS, } Secretaries.
J. R. KEELER, }

To show that an editor is the most abused and dejected of all men, Josh Billings has this to say: "An editor is a mule whose business is to investigate nuspaper. He writes editorials, grinds out poetry, inserts deaths and weddings, sorts manuscript, keeps a waste basket, blows up the "devil," steals matter, fites out other people's battles, sells his paper for two dollars a year; takes white beans and apple-sass for pay, when he can get it, razes a large family, works nineteen hours out of twenty-four, noze no Sandy, gets damned bi everybody, dies poor, dies middle aged, and often broken-hearted, leaves no munny, is rewarded for a life of toil by a short but free obituary puff in the nuspapers.

From Wilkes' Spirit of the Times, Dec. 8, 1877.

A. B. C., Mich.—What should be done to reduce an enlargement of tendon of forward leg, the back tendon, caused by grabbing it while trotting. It is sound now, I think. It was fired last spring, and the horse turned out all summer. *Answer.*—Clip off the hair, and apply *Gile's Liniment Iodide Ammonia* twice a day, until it irritates, when temporarily discontinue, and commence again. It is the only remedy that will permanently remove a chronic enlargement of this kind. Send to Doctor Giles, 451 Sixth avenue, New York, who will furnish full information.

LADIES, DELICATE AND FEEBLE.

Those languid tiresome sensations, causing you to feel scarcely able to be about on your feet; that constant drain that takes from your system all its former elasticity; driving the bloom from your cheeks; that continual strain on your vital forces, rendering you irritable and fretful, can easily be removed by the use of that marvelous remedy, Hop Bitters. Irregularities and obstructions of your system are relieved at once, while the special cause of periodical pain are permanently removed. Will you heed this? See "Truths."

Oct. 18 2w.

ARE FAT PEOPLE HEALTHY?

Why are fat people always complaining? asks some one who entertains the popular though erroneous notion that health is synonymous with fat. Fat people complain because they are diseased. Obesity is an abnormal condition of the system, in which the saccharine and oleaginous elements of the food are assimilated to the partial exclusion of the muscle forming and brain-producing elements. In proof of this, it is only necessary to assert the well known fact that excessively fat people are never strong, and seldom distinguished for mental powers or activity. Besides, they are easy prey of acute and epidemic diseases, and they are the frequent victims of gout, heart diseases, and apoplexy. Allan's Anti-Fat is the only known remedy for this disease. It contains no acid, is absolutely harmless, and is warranted to remedy the most confirmed case of obesity, or corpulency.

The Eclectic Magazine for November contains nineteen articles, and is sufficiently varied in topic and method of treatment to please all classes of readers. The portrait this month is a fine steel engraving of the Rev. William Adams, D. D., for nearly forty years one of the leading clergymen of New York and now President of the Union Theological Seminary. The leading paper on "Giordana Bruno and Galileo Galilei," is rich in biographical interest and also contributes a most instructive chapter to the early history of science. "The ages of the Sun and Earth," is another scientific paper of the highest interest and value, and the editorial department of "Science and Art" is rich and varied in its record of scientific progress; In "The New Principles of Industry;" Mr. George Jacob Holyoke expounds the philosophy and narrates the history of Cooperation; and in "Cyprus" the reader will find what he most cares to know about this famous Mediterranean Island; "Brockden Brown," is an appreciative biographical sketch of the earliest American novelist; and the account of "The Plantin Museum at Antwerp," is wonderfully curious. Other articles: "The Poetic Place of Matthew Arnold;" "The Speaker of Commons;" "Our Dream;" (a poem) four chapters of Black's "Macleod of Dare;" and the well-filled editorial departments. E. R. Pelton, Publisher, 25 Bond street, New York.

Democrats, let no one move you to vote against your own ticket. No reasonable objection can be urged against the candidates of the Democratic party.

LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER
Is the greatest Blood Remedy of the age. Tetter, Scrofula, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples and all Blood diseases yield to its wonderful powers. Pure Blood is the guarantee of health. Read: "It cured my son of Scrofula."—J. M. Brooks, Painesville, O. "It cured my child of Erysipelas."—Mrs. K. Smallman, Lawrence, Pa. Price $1. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Props., Pittsburgh, Pa. Sold by Druggists and Country Store Keepers.

apr 19, '78-1y

At the request of many friends I have consented to allow my name to be used as an independent candidate for County Commissioner, and I solicit the suffrages of my friends.

FRANCES EVANS.

Briarcreek, October 1st, 1878.

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symptoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, general weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous, trembling, dreadful horror of death, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite with dyspeptic system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffusion and loss of sight, want of attention, etc. These symptoms arise from a weakness, and to remedy that use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Take only E. F. Kunkel's.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. Kunkel, sole proprietor, No. 259, North Ninth street, below Vine, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. A photograph of the proprietor on each wrapper, all others are counterfeit.

Beware of counterfeits. Do not let your druggist sell any but Kunkel's, which is put up only as above represented. You can get six bottles for five dollars. All I ask is one simple trial.

Tape Worm Removed Alive.

Head and all complete, in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin and Stomach worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth street. Advice free. No fee until head and all passes in one, and alive. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician in this country for the removal of worms, and his Worm Syrup is pleasant and safe for children or grown persons. Send for circular, or ask for a bottle of Kunkel's worm syrup. Price $1.00 per bottle Get it of your druggist. It never fails.

FOR TREASURER.

Numerous friends in all parts of the county have requested that I should be an independent candidate for treasurer of Columbia county, and in accordance with this generally expressed desire I hereby announce my name as such. In asking the suffrages of the voters of the county without regard to party I pledge myself if elected to attend to the duties of the office with fidelity and for the best interest of all.

ISAIAH BOWER.

Berwick, October 10, 1878.

Marriages.

JONES—BLAKER.—On the 15th inst., by Rev. J. R. Morro, Mr. E. S. Jones to Miss Lizzie L. Blaker, all of Tekamah, Burt county Nebraska.

Deaths.

ROBBINS.—In Fishingcreek twp., on the 16th inst. Diana E. Robbins age 19 years, 2 month and 4 days.

THORNTON.—Died at Cagonia, Perry county on the 12th of October, George R. Thornton son of James and Angela Thornton, aged 6 years, 2 months and 4 days, with diphtheria.

WHITE.—Died in Mt. Pleasant October 5th, Maggie Edna White aged 7 years and 6 months.

Business Notices

A *Trade Dollar* will still buy a dollar's worth of Clothing at D. Lowenberg's.

Parties wanting to get clear of *Trade Dollars* can get full value in clothing for them at D. Lowenberg's.

WESTWARD HO! WESTWARD HO

Parties going West will find it to their advantage to purchase their outfits of clothing, trunks, bags and satchels cheaper than ever at D. Lowenberg's.

Fall styles of Worsted Coating-English Suitings just received at D. Lowenberg's.

The latest Novelty in Hats. Call and see THE RUSSIAN HAT just received at D. Lowenberg's.

FALL HATS just received for Men, Boys and Children at Lowenberg's.

There is no Water Proof in the market that can compete with the India Cloth at Lutz & Sloan's.

Ladies' Gloves very cheap at Clark & Wolf's.

Trade dollars taken for 100 cents at W. C. McKinney's.

Best Syrup in town, 50 cents per gallon at Clark & Wolf's. Half sugar. Try it.

DOBBIN'S ELECTRIC SOAP.

Having obtained the agency of this CELEBRATED SOAP for Bloomsburg and vicinity, I append the opinion of some of our best people as to its merits.

"I have used Dobbin's Electric Soap made by I. L. Cragin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., for washing about ten years, and think it superior to any other. Mrs. C. G. Barkley."

"We have used Dobbin's Electric Soap and find it superior to any other or *all others*.
Mrs. W. H. Jacoby,
Mrs. B. H. Stohner.

I desire all my friends and customers to *Give this Soap one Trial*, so that they may know just how good the Best Soap in the United States is.

J. H. MAIZE,
july 12, '78-1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

Wanted at Clark & Wolf's, 150 pounds of dried Raspberries and Cherries for goods at the lowest cash prices.

Another large assortment of Ladies' Ties, Bows, Silk Handkerchiefs, Ruchings, Ribbons and other Fancy Goods just received at Lutz & Sloan's.

Trimming Silks and a full line of Trimmings for Ladies' Dresses and Coats at Clark & Wolf's.

Boots and Shoes cheap at McKinney's.

Ladies' and Gents' Underwear at 70 cents the set and up at Clark & Wolf's.

Crampton's Palm Soap is the best laundry soap in this or any other market. For sale by Jacob H. Maize. may 18-3w

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Black Cashmeres and in colors and with a great variety of prices and styles at Clark & Wolf's.

Try it—Buy it
Palm—Palm—Palm Soap
At Jacob H. Maize's—at Jacob H. Maize's.
may 3-18w

Ribbons, Ties, Ruches, Bows, Barks, Silk Handkerchiefs, and as large a variety of Fancy Goods as are to be found in Town and at the very lowest prices at Clark & Wolf's.

If there is any special shade of Germantown Wool you want call at Lutz & Sloan's and get it at 8 cents per ounce.

Ladies' ready-made coats of the best fit and make with a new line of Beaver cloths just received at Clark & Wolf's cash store.

Rubbers at McKinney's.

Good Germantown Wool 8 cents per ounce at Clark & Wolf's.

Crampton Brother's Palm soap at Jacob H. Maize's. It is the best. Try it.
may 3-18w

Admission free at McKinney's.

First quality of zephyr-finished German town Wool at Clark & Wolf's.

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Be sure to see Clark & Wolf's stock of goods before you buy. You'll make by it.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ [illegible]
Rye "	.5[illegible]
Corn, new, "	.40
Oats, "	.25
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cloverseed	[illegible]
Flaxseed	1.[illegible]
Butter	.26
Eggs	.15
Tallow	.08
Potatoes	.5[illegible]
Dried Apples	.05
Hams	.1[illegible]
Sides & Shoulders	.1[illegible]
Lard per pound	.[illegible]
Hay per ton	[illegible]
Beeswax	.2[illegible]
Timothy Seed	2.[illegible]

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00	per Ton
No. 5 "	$ 2.75	"
No. 6 "	$ 2.00	"
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.00	"
" Bituminous "	$4.50	"

AN ASTONISHING FACT.

A large proportion of the American people are to-day dying from the effects of Dyspepsia or disordered liver. The result of these diseases upon the masses of intelligent and valuable people is most alarming, making life actually a burden instead of a pleasant existence of enjoyment and usefulness as it ought to be. There is no good reason for this, if you will only throw aside prejudice and skepticism, take the advice of Druggists and your friends, and and try one bottle of Green's August Flower. Your speedy relief is certain. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been given away to try its virtues, with satisfactory results in every case. You can buy a sample bottle for ten cents to try. Three doses will relieve the worst case. Positively sold by all druggists on the Western Continent.

aug. 30, '78-tf jl

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy, for the permanent and speedy cure for consumption, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma, and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for nervous debility and all nervous complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive, and a desire to relieve human suffering fellows, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, with full directions for preparing and using, in German, French, or English. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. W. Sherar, 149 Powers' Block, Rochester, New York. oct. 11, 4w

By Universal Accord.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, prove them the best and most effectual pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other pills can be compared with them, and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are specially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for weakened constitutions, where a mild, but effectual cathartic is required.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

no 4

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN KLINE, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of John Kline, late of Locust township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned executors of same twp. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

JOHN L. KLINE,
PETER L. KLINE, } Executors.
JOHN REINBOLD,
E. B. IKELER, Attorney. Locust twp.
oct. 18, '78-6w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the assignment of Abraham Miller in trust for the benefit of his creditors.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county to distribute the fund in the hands of the assignee, will meet the parties interested at the office of M. E. Jackson & Son, in Berwick, on Thursday, October 31, 1878, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons interested are requested to be present if they think proper.

C. B. BUCKALEW,
Sept 27, '78-4w Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOHN CAIN, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of John Cain, late of Centre township, Columbia co., dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the administrator without delay.

WILLIAM SHAFFER,
Administrator,
C. W. MILLER, Centre township.
Attorney. oct. 11, 1878-6w

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY E. HETLER, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Hetler, late of Mifflin township, Columbia County, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said administrator without delay.

WILLIAM HARTZEL,
Mifflin township,
C. W. MILLER, Administrator.
Attorney. oct. 11, '78-6w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

John W. Evans }
vs. } No. 223 February Term
J. C. Smith. } 1878.

Notice is hereby given that the balance of the fund remaining in the hands of the Sheriff, to wit: $150 25 arising from the sale of the real estate of Jeremiah C. Smith, will be distributed to and amongst the lien creditors entitled thereto by the undersigned, who has been appointed an Auditor for that purpose. The Auditor will sit at the office of John G. Freeze, Esquire, in Bloomsburg on Saturday, the 9th day of November, 1878, at one o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having claims upon said fund are required to make their claims known before said Auditor, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

CHARLES B. JACKSON,
oct. 11, '78-4w Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Daniel Yetter, deceased.

The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia of County to distribute funds in hands of the administrators of said decedent among heirs and parties entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Charles G. Barkley in Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 9th day of November, A. D., 1878, at ten o'clock a. m., at which time and place all parties interested may attend if they think proper.

PAUL E. WIRT,
Auditor.
Bloomsburg, oct. 11, '78 4w.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF JOSHUA BRINK, DEC'D.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Joshua Brink, late of Benton township, Columbia county, Pa., have been granted by the Register of Columbia county to the undersigned Executors to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the undersigned Executors without delay.

ISAAC K. KRICKBAUM,
WILLIAM BRINK,
Executors.
Benton, oct. 11, '78-6w

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of Jacob Fyer late of Madison township, Columbia county, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of said county to make distribution of the funds in the hands of S. H. Miller, Administrator, &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Freeze & Everly in the town of Bloomsburg on Saturday, the 2nd day of November, 1878, at ten o'clock a. m., when and where all persons having claims are requested to present the same before the Auditor or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
oct 4 '78-4w Auditor.

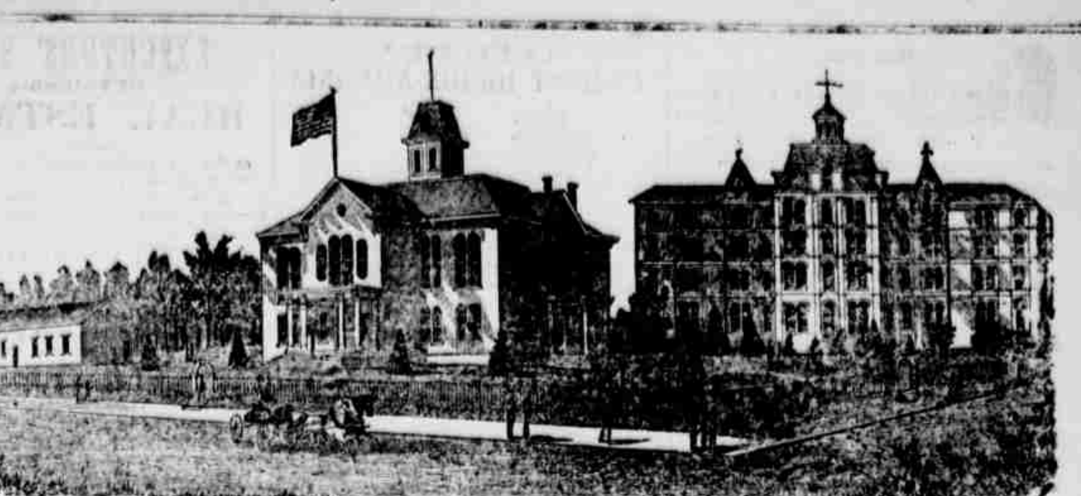
AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the matter of the account of George W. Correll and Wm. H. Weaver, Executors of George Weaver, deceased.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of the County of Columbia to distribute the balance in the hands of the accountants among the parties entitled thereto, will meet all parties interested for the purpose of his appointment at his law office in Bloomsburg on Wednesday the 20th day of November, A. D. 1878 at ten o'clock a. m. of said day, when and where all parties may present their claims before the auditor if they think proper, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.

A. C. SMITH
oct. 18, '78-4w Auditor.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESRIPTION
EXECUTED PROMPTLY
AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her Schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.

Sept. 8, '76.

EXCELSIOR DYE WORKS
LEWISBURG, PA.
WM. DAVIS, Proprietor.

Miss. M. Derrickson, Notion and Fancy Store, Bloomsburg, Agent.

ALL KINDS OF GENTS GARMENTS CLEANED DYED AND PRESSED WITHOUT RIPPING AND MADE TO LOOK ALMOST EQUAL TO NEW.

LADIES SHAWLS, CLOAKS, DRESSES, SILKS OR RIBBONS CLEANSED OR DYED AND FINISHED IN THE BEST MANNER.

KID GLOVES CLEANSED.

Feathers Dyed and Curled in a splendid manner. Special attention to wholesale goods. Prices reduced to suit the times.

Sept. 20, '78-2m.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED. Only those who mean business and desire to make from $2 to $15 per day need apply. Send 1 cent stamp for particulars
REV. S. T. BUCK,
Milton, Northumberland Co., Pa.

ASK FOR THE
Williamsport Hand-Made Boots,
MANUFACTURED BY
J. E. DAYTON & CO.,
AND
WAR RANTED.

N. B.—All goods of their make are stamped on the bottom.

Sept. 28, '78—3m

PENNSYLVANIA
RAILROAD.
GREAT TRUNK LINE
AND
UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.

The attention of the travelling public is respectfully invited to some of the merits of this great highway, in the confident assertion and belief that no other line can offer equal inducements as a route of through travel. In

Construction and Equipment
THE
PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

stands confessedly at the head of American railways. The track is double the entire length of the line, of steel rails laid on heavy oak ties, which are embedded in a foundation of rock ballast eighteen inches in depth. All bridges are of iron or stone, and built upon the most approved plans. Its passenger cars, while eminently safe and substantial, are at the same time models of comfort and elegance.

THE SAFETY APPLIANCES

in use on this line well illustrate the far-seeing and liberal policy of its management, in accordance with which the utility only of an improvement and not its cost has been the question of consideration. Among many may be noticed

THE BLOCK SYSTEM OF SAFETY SIGNALS,
JANNEY COUPLER, BUFFER and PLATFORM
THE WHARTON PATENT SWITCH,
AND THE
WESTINGHOUSE AIR-BRAKE,

forming in conjunction with a perfect double track and road-bed a combination of safeguards against accidents which have rendered them practically impossible.

Pullman Palace Cars

are run on all Express Trains

From New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington,

To Chicago, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis,

WITHOUT CHANGE,

and to all principal points in the far West and South with but one change of cars. Connections are made in Union Depots, and are assured to all important points.

THE SCENERY
OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE

is admitted to be unsurpassed in the world for grandeur, beauty and variety. Superior refreshment facilities are provided. Employees are courteous and attentive, and it is an inevitable result that a trip by the Pennsylvania Railroad must form

A PLEASING AND MEMORABLE EXPERIENCE.

Tickets for sale at the lowest rates at the Ticket Offices of the Company in all important cities and towns.

FRANK THOMPSON, General Manager.
L. P. FARMER, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. K. SHOEMAKER, Pass. Agent Middle Dist., 12 North Third street, Harrisburg, Pa.
feb. 1, '78-1y.

PROVERBS.	PROVERBS.
"For sinking spells, fits, dizziness, palpitation and low spirits, rely on Hop Bitters."	"$500 will be paid for a case that Hop Bitters will not cure or help."
"Read of, procure and use of Hop Bitters, and you will be strong, healthy and happy."	"Hop Bitters builds up, strengthens and cures continually from the first dose."
"Ladies do you want to be strong, healthy and beautiful? Then use Hop Bitters."	"Fair skin rosy cheeks, and the sweetest breath in Hop Bitters."
"The greatest appetizer, stomach, blood and liver regulator—Hop Bitters."	"Kidney and Urinary complaints of all kinds permanently cured by Hop Bitters."
"Clergymen, Lawyers, Editors, Bankers and Ladies, need Hop Bitters daily."	"Sour stomach, sick headache and dizziness, Hop Bitters cures with a few doses."
"Hop Bitters has restored to sobriety and health, perfect wrecks from intemperance."	"Take Hop Bitters three times a day and you will have no doctor bills to pay."
FOR SALE BY	MOYER BROTHERS.

BUSINESS CARDS.
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS, &C., &C.,
Neatly and Cheaply printed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in A. J. EVAN'S NEW BUILDING,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Member of Commercial Law and Bank Collection Association. Oct 14, '77-tf

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26—1y.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg,
april 19, 1878.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The assets of these old corporations are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of Fire only.
Moderate lines on the best risks are alone accepted.
Losses PROMPTLY and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Penn'a.
The citizens of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov.16, '77-ly

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13 500,000
Lancashire	10,000,000
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,600,000
	$60,675,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 26, '77—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 6, Bloomsburg, Pa.
oct. 26, '77-1y.

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained.
dec 21, '77-1y

PUBLIC SALE
OF
Town Property!

The following described property situate on Iron Street in the Town of Bloomsburg will be exposed to public sale at one o'clock p. m. on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1878,

Bounded on the west by Iron street, on the north by lot of John Hooper, on the east by an alley and on the south by lot of Mrs. Mary Clayton, on which are erected a two-story

Frame Dwelling House,

on Iron street, and a dwelling house in the rear on alley, the same being 37 feet front and 228 feet deep more or less and 40 feet on alley.

Terms made known on day of sale.
MARY EVANS.
oct. 4, '78-18

EXECUTOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
Real Estate!

The undersigned executor of the estate of Christian Wolf, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, November 9, 1878,

at ten o'clock a. m., the following described real estate situate in said township of Mifflin on which decedent resided, bounded and described as follows: on the east by the town of Mifflinville on the south by land of William Brown, deceased and Maria Wolf, on the west by land of Maria Wolf and William Brown, and on the north by the Susquehanna river, containing

78 Acres and 150 Perches

strict measure, more or less, all improved land through which the North & West Branch Rail road passes with right of way, on which are erected a

Brick Dwelling House,

a Frame Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Carriage House, with other out-buildings and on which is a never-failing well of water and a GOOD APPLE ORCHARD.

Also, one other piece of land in the same township bounded on the north by land of Daniel A. Hess, on the east by William Brown and Maria Wolf, and on the south and west by Stephen Gearhart, containing

50 Acres and 113 Perches,

strict measure, more or less, about 25 acres of which is cleared and balance well timbered. There is a never failing spring of water on this tract.

TERMS OF SALE.—$3,000 to be paid on the striking down of the property, one third of purchase money to be paid at the decease of the widow of decedent, interest to her annually, and balance to be paid in three equal annual payments, interest from April 1, 1879.

N. B. CREASY,
oct. 3, 1878 Executor.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

In the matter of the exceptions to the account of J. H. Hetler, Executor of John Michael deceased.

The undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Court on exceptions to the above account will sit at his office in Bloomsburg on Saturday, November 2nd, 1878 at ten o'clock a. m., for the purpose of his appointment, when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

F. P. BILLMYER,
oct. 4, '78-4w Auditor.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. March 28, '78-1y

Dauchy & Co's. Advt's.

Sure Reward.
5 YEARS TO PAY FOR A FARM.
$4 TO $10 PER ACRE.
Beech and Maple Land in Michigan in the Million Acre Grant of the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad Company.
TITLE PERFECT.
Strong soil—sure crops—plenty of timber—no drought—no chinch bugs—no hoppers."
RUNNING STREAMS—PURE WATER—READY MARKETS—SCHOOLS—RAILROAD COMPLETED THROUGH THE CENTRE OF THE GRANT.
Send for pamphlet, *English or German*
Address W. O. HUGHART,
LAND COMMISSIONER,
GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.
april 19, '78-26w d

$10 TO $1000 Invested in Wall Street Stocks makes fortunes every month. Book sent free explaining everything. Address BAXTER & CO., BANKERS, 17 Wall street, New York. d oct. 25, '78-4w

AGENTS, READ THIS
We will pay agents a salary of $100 per month and expenses, or allow a large commission to sell our new and wonderful inventions. We mean what we say. Address, without delay,
SHERMAN & CO., Marshall, Michigan.
d oct. 25, '78-4w.

WANTED!
ACTIVE AGENTS in every county for our fine illustrated publications. This is a rare opportunity for profitable employment. Extra inducements to subscribers and agents. AGENTS RUN NO RISK. For ILLUSTRATED Circulars, giving terms and full particulars, address
E. P. & L. RASTEIN,
1102 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
d oct 25, '78-4w.

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER.
A WONDERFUL REMEDY.
There is no comparison between it and the common slow acting porous plaster. It is in every way superior to all other external remedies including liniments and the so-called electrical appliances. It contains new medicinal elements which in combination with rubber, possess the most extraordinary pain relieving, strengthening and curative properties. Any Physician in your own locality will confirm the above statement. For Lame Back, Rheumatism, Female weakness, Stubborn and Neglected Colds and Coughs, diseased Kidneys, Whooping cough, affections of the heart and all ills for which porous plasters are used, it is simply the best known remedy. Ask for Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster and take no other. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cts. Sent on receipt of price by Seabury & Johnson, 2 Platt Street, New York.
d oct. 25, '78-4w.

TOES PROTRUDING
Through Ragged Holes need no longer offend the eye, or children's costly Shoes be thrown away on that account, when otherwise but little worn. The AMERICAN SHOE TIP CO., have saved
MILLIONS OF DOLLARS
annually to Parents in this country, by the introduction of the
COPPER AND SILVER TIPS,
and they are applied chiefly to children's heavy shoes, many Parents objecting to the looks of Metal Tips on
FINE SHOES.
All such will be happy to know that this company have at last perfected a
BLACK TIP
which adds to the beauty of the finest Shoe, the toe remaining neat until the shoe is worn out.
These Tips are stamped A. S. T. CO.
The more costly the Shoe the more important the Tip, as it at least doubles the wearing value of the Shoe. PARENTS! buy no Children's Shoes without the Metal or this nice Black Tip, and thus reduce your shoe bills more than one half.
Ask your Shoe Dealers for Them.
d oct. 25, '78-4w.

25 FANCY CARDS with name, 10c., Plain or Gold. 150 styles. Agt's outfit 10c. Hull & Co., Hudson, N. Y. d oct. 11, '78 4w

NEW RICH BLOOD!
Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor Me. d oct. 11, '78-4w

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!
Awarded highest prize at Centennial Exposition for fine chewing qualities and excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that Jackson's Best is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free, to C. A. Jackson & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va.
G. F. WARDLE, General Agt., Philadelphia.
oct. 11, '78-4w

Important to Lawyers.
Justices of the Peace, Constables, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Township officers, and business men generally.

We have on hand a large assortment of legal blanks for the use of Attorneys, Justices and Constable's blanks of all kinds, Note and Receipt books for Administrators &c.

PRICE LIST.
ATTORNEY'S BLANKS.
Precipe for Summons.
" " Fi. Fa.
" " Rule to take Depositions.
" " " choose Arbitrators.
2 cents apiece, or $1.75 per hundred.
Petition for Appointment of Guardian.
" " Citation
Rule to take Depositions.
Narr in Debt, with Confession.
" " Assumpsit.
Mechanics Lien.
4 cents each or $2.50 per hundred.
Petition for sale of Real Estate 8 cents each.
JUSTICES BLANKS.
Subpœnas, Summons, Warrants, Executions, 30 for 25 cents each.

Leases	5 cents each
Blue Deeds	10 " "
Parchment Deeds	15 " "
Agreements	5 " "
Orphan's Court Sales	20 for $1 50
Constable's Sales	3 cents each
Mortgage and Bond	12 " "
All kinds of Notes	1 " "

Receipts, Notes, School Orders, Poor Orders, Store Orders, neatly bound, constantly on hand, or made to order on short notice.

We are prepared to do neater job work than any other office in this county.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
Editors and Proprietors of the COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF GEORGE MILLER, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of George Miller, late of Mifflin township, Columbia co., Pa., have been granted by the Register of Columbia county, to the undersigned Executors of Main twp., to whom all persons indebted, are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the undersigned Executors without delay.

NATHAN MILLER,
DANIEL MILLER,
Executors,
sept. 2, '78-6w Main township.

Wild Babies.

A touch of nature makes the whole world kin, so we have chosen a trite illustration of the truth of this statement, and venture to exhibit it by showing to our parents the manner in which certain savage people treat their offspring, because a pleasant and envious notion is entertained here and in other civilized precincts that young Indians grow—just grow as Topsy thought she did. But it is not so; they have sore eyes and bad tempers; they wake up in the night with lusty yells and the colic; they have fits; they raise riots when cutting their teeth; and they are just as much petted and just as mischievous as our own.

The mothers of Pocahontas and Red Jacket worried over them with just as much earnestness as, perhaps, did the maternal progenitors of Mrs. Hemans and George Washington, while quite as much paternal supervision was given doubtless to one as the other. When the question of love and tenderness alone is mooted, then it should be said without hesitation that the baby born to day in the shadow and smoke of savage life is as carefully cherished as the little stranger that may appear here, simultaneously with it, amid all the surroundings of civilized wealth; and the difference between them does not commence to show itself until they have reached that age when the mind begins to feed and reason upon what it sees, hears, feels and tastes; then a gulf yawns between our baby and the Indian's; the latter stands still, while the former is ever moving onward and upward.

The love of an Indian mother for her child is made plain to us by the care and labor which she often expends upon the cradle: the choicest production of her skill in grass and woolen weaving, the neatest needlework, and the richest bead embroidery that she can devise and bestow are lavished upon the quaint-looking cribs which savage mothers nurse and carry their little ones around in. This cradle, though varying in minor details with each tribe, is essentially the same thing, no matter where it is found, between the Indians in Alaska and those far to the south in Mexico. The Esquimaux are the exception, however, for they use no cradle whatever, carrying their infants snugly ensconced in the hoods to their parkies and otter-fur jumpers. The governing principle of a pappoose cradle is an unyielding board upon which the baby can be firmly lashed at full length on its back.

This board is usually covered with softly dressed buckskin, with flaps and pouches in which to envelop the baby; other tribes, not rich or fortunate enough to procure this material, have recourse to a neat combination of shrub wood poles, reed splints, grass matting, and the soft and fragrant ribbons of the bass or linden tree bark. Sweet grass is used here as a bed for the youngster's tender back, or else clean dry moss plucked from the bended limbs of the swamp firs; then, with buckskin thongs or cords of plaited grass, the baby is bound tight and secure, for any and all disposition that its mother may see fit to make of it for the next day or two.

Indian babies, as a rule, are not kept in their cradles more than twenty to twenty-four consecutive hours at any one time; they are usually unlimbed for an hour or two every day, and allowed to roll and tumble at will on the blanket, or in the grass or sand if the sun shines warm and bright. But this liberty is always conditional upon their good behavior when free, for the moment a baby begins to fret or whimper, the mother claps it back into its cradle, where it rests with emphasis, for it can there move nothing save its head; but so far from disliking these rigid couches, the babies actually sleep better in them than when free, and positively cry to be returned to them when neglected and left longer than usual at liberty. This fact is certainly an amusing instance of the force of habit.

When the pappoose is put away in its cradle, the mother has little or no more concern with it, other than to keep within sight or hearing. If she is engaged about the wigwam or in the village, she stands it up in the lodge corner or hangs it to some convenient tree, taking it down at irregular intervals to nurse. When she retires at night, the baby is brought and suspended at some point within easy reaching; if the baby is ill, it is kept at her side, or she sits up all night with it in the most orthodox fashion. When the women leave the village on any errand, such as going to the mountains for berries or to the river canon for fish, the cradles with the babies therein are slung upon the mothers' backs, and carried, no matter how rough the road, or how dismal the weather.

Indian babies are born subject to all the ills that baby flesh is heir to, but with this great difference between them and ours—when sick they are either killed or cured without delay. This does not happen, however from sinister motives; it is not done to avoid the irksome care of a sickly, puny child; it is not the result of lack of natural love for offspring—not any or all of these; it is due to their wonderful "medicine," their wonderful system of incantation.

A pappoose becomes ill; it refuses to eat or be comforted; and after several nights of anxious tender endeavor to relieve her child, the mother begins to fear the worst, and growing thoroughly alarmed, she at last sends for a "shaman" or a doctress of the tribe, and surrenders her babe to his or her merciless hands. This shaman at once sets up over the wretched youngster a steady howling, and then a whispering conjuration shaking a hideous rattle or burning wisps of grass around the cradle. This is kept up night and day until the baby rallies or dies, one doctor relieving the other until the end is attained, and that result is death nine times out of ten.—*Henry W. Elliott, in Harper's Magazine for November.*

How to Preserve Carpets.

The carpet moth makes his favorite home about the bindings and corners of the carpet. If this is an ingrain or three-ply fabric, successful war may be waged on him by wringing a cloth out of hot water, laying it over the bindings and edges, and ironing with as hot an iron as can be used without scorching. This will destroy both the moths and their eggs, and after a few such visitations they disappear. But this steaming and ironing process is not effectual with Wiltons, Moquettes, or any heavy carpetings. The heat cannot thoroughly penetrate them, and ironing injures the pile of the velvet. Still, it is best to draw the tacks occasionally and lay the edge of the carpet over—one side only or a part of a side at a time—and steam and iron it on the wrong side. Then, besides this, the floor should be wiped as far under as the arm will reach, with a cloth wrung out of strong and hot Cayenne tea; and before renailing, the binding and edge of the carpet should also be wiped with it, rubbing them hard. Some have recommended sprinkling salt round the sides of the room before nailing down the carpet, but we should think this objectionable, as the salt absorbs moisture from the air, and may thus cause dampness.—*Journal of Chemistry.*

GILES'
LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA.



Cures all Pain in Man and Beast

TESTIMONIALS:

POCAHONTAS UTERI (Falling of the Womb.) A Wonderful Cure.—Nine years my wife suffered with this terrible complaint. She was attended by doctor after doctor, went to the different hospitals where females are treated; tried them all; wore bandages and pessaries with only temporary relief. Her life was miserable. We applied Dr. Giles' Liniment. Her relief was immediate. She is now well.
B. McDERMOTT, 40 West 19th street, New York.

I had twelve strokes of Paralysis. My leg, arm and tongue were useless; was obliged to use a catheter every day. Doctor Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia has cured me. Will answer any inquiries so that all afflicted may know of it.
JOHN APPEL, North Branford, Conn.

Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, April 22, '76.
W. M. Giles, Esq., Dear Sir—I used your Iodide of Ammonia Liniment on Flora Temple's hind pastern joint. She had been quite lame; the effect was wonderful; she walks now quite well. Very, respectfully yours,
A. WELCH.

P. S.—I am now using it on Littleton's right fore leg.

A large shoe boil on a valuable young horse was removed by Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia.
SHEPHERD KNAPP, Carpets, 173 sixth ave., New York.

ASTHMA—The tortures and agonies I endured for six years, none but those who have suffered with this terrible disease can know. My life was miserable. In desperation I tried Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It gave me instant relief. Used it internally as well as externally.
THOS. BRANIGAN, 127 west 27th street, New York.

I was in a dreadful condition. Joints swollen, pain intense. Injections of morphine into my veins failed to relieve me. Giles' Iodide of Ammonia took away the deposits from my joints. I want every one who suffers to know what will cure them.
FORDYCE LOTHROP, North Hyde Park, Lammoille co. Vt.

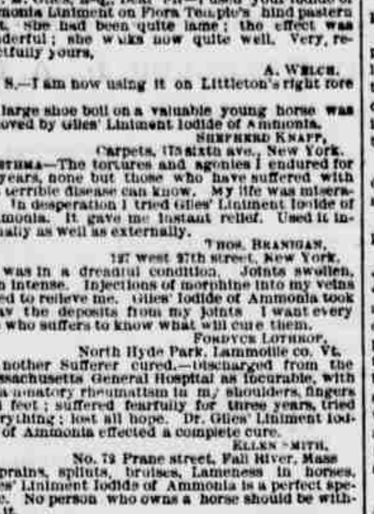
Another Sufferer cured.—Discharged from the Massachusetts General Hospital as incurable, with inflammatory rheumatism in my shoulders, fingers and feet; suffered fearfully for three years, tried everything; lost all hope. Dr. Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia effected a complete cure.
ELLEN SMITH, No. 72 Prane street, Fall River, Mass.

Sprains, splints, bruises, Lameness in horses. Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia is a perfect specific. No person who owns a horse should be without it.
M. RODENS, 569 seventh avenue, New York.

In my family, and for the stock, I have used Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It is unsurpassed, and I am surprised at the many different maladies in which it is applicable. It gives the utmost satisfaction.
JOHN J. CARTER, Superintendent Eastern Pennsylvania Experimental Farm.

50 c. and $1: and in Quarts at $2.50, in which there is a great saving.
Trial size 25 cents.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
N. J. HENDERSHOTT, Agt. for Bloomsburg.
may 31, '78-

VIGORENE
THE GREAT POSITIVE CURE for all DISEASES arising from a deranged condition of the BLOOD, LIVER, NERVES, or DIGESTIVE ORGANS.



The Best Family Medicine on Earth.
$100 IN GOLD
to any person afflicted with a disease that VIGORENE will not relieve or cure, providing the bones or organs are not wasted beyond point of repair.

VIGORENE
is scientifically compounded from Herbs, Roots, Barks and Gums found in California and the West Indies, combining a Tonic, Cathartic, Alterative, Diuretic and Sudorific. Its immediate effect upon the digestive organs, whether impaired by disease or exhausted from any cause, is to increase their power of assimilation and invigorate their appetite, assists digestion, and gives firmness and tone to the muscular and circulating system. It stimulates the vital processes to renewed activity, alters, corrects and purifies the fluids, tones the organs and re-establishes their healthy functions.

THE ONLY TRUE REMEDY FOR COLDS.
It is useless to expatiate upon the virtues of this GREAT REMEDY. If you are suffering from BILIOUS ATTACKS, DYSPEPSIA, or INDIGESTION, RHEUMATISM, GENERAL DEBILITY, CONSTIPATION, KIDNEY or NERVOUS DISEASES, or any disorder arising from IMPURE BLOOD, get a bottle of VIGORENE and take it as per directions upon each bottle, in English, German, Spanish and French. One bottle will better convince you of its merits than volumes expressed in printers' ink.
A trial of one bottle insures its adoption in every family, for no Man, Woman or Child can take VIGORENE and remain long sick. It first cleanses the system, then repairs, then builds up, thus curing disease and establishing health on a permanent, safe and enduring basis.
Put up in large bottles, and is pleasant to take.
Sold by Druggists Generally. Price, $1.00 per Bottle.
Walker & Badger Mfg. Co., Prop'rs, 40 John Street, New York.

VIGORENE
SUFFERED 30 YEARS.
Jersey City, September 3d, 1878.
No tongue can tell what I have suffered for the last 30 years from COSTIVENESS and BLIND BLEEDING PILES, at times so bad that I could not stand upon my feet. I could not walk half a mile without suffering intense agony which would bring on severe illness. About one year ago I was induced to try a bottle of your VIGORENE and am glad to state that after taking four bottles I was entirely cured of both diseases and am now enjoying excellent health and strength. I advise all similarly afflicted to try VIGORENE.
MRS. G. F. FERRIS, 124 Sussex St.

DON'T GO FOOLING AROUND.
As a regulating medicine I can confidently recommend VIGORENE. I have used it in my family and know others who have tried it, and all pronounce it good and reliable. It don't go fooling around and disappoint you by making no sign, but it attends to business and accomplishes that whereunto it is sent.
WM. B. DUVALL, Riverhead, L. I.

OF YEARS STANDING.
I used one bottle of VIGORENE and can truthfully say that it has cured me of DYSPEPSIA and BILIOUSNESS of years standing.
S. C. ROE, M.D., Lebanon, N. J.

VIGORENE
For Sale at N. J. Hendershott's
DRUG STORE.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
who is authorized to guarantee VIGORENE to prove as represented.
Jan. 18, '78.-1y.

GUARDIAN'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Guardian of the person and estate of Emma Mills a minor, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, October 26th, 1878,

commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described real estate to-wit: All that certain tract of land situate in Greenwood township, Columbia county, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a white oak bush in a public road thence by said public road south seven degrees west one hundred and eleven and five-tenths perches to a post, thence by land of Isaac Ikeler north — degrees east forty and two tenths perches to a post, thence by land of Andrew Ikeler north one degree east one hundred and nineteen and eight-tenth perches to a white oak stump, thence by land of John Shoemaker south eighty-three degrees west twenty nine and five-tenths perches to a stone in public road aforesaid thence by said public road south seventy-eight degrees west twenty-seven and five-tenths perches to white oak bush in middle of said public road the place of beginning, containing

THIRTY-FIVE ACRES

and 9 perches strict measure, whereon are erected a log dwelling house weather boarded, a good barn, apple orchard and good water.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on the first day of April A. D. 1879 and two-thirds in two years thereafter with interest payable annually from the 1st day of April A. D. 1879.

Possession will be given on first April 1879 when the one-third of the purchase money is paid.

JOHN A. FUNSTON, Guardian.
Oct. 11, '78 -ts.

Estate of Ann Winner, deceased.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

Columbia County, ss.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia county. In the matter of the partition and valuation of the estate of Ann Winner, late of Hemlock township, deceased.

To the heirs and legal representatives of said Ann Winner, deceased, to-wit: David Winner, of the Town of Bloomsburg, said Columbia county, John A Winner, of the Borough of Danville, Montour county, Pennsylvania, Isaac Winner of Fall Brook, Tioga county, Pennsylvania, John Care and Ann his wife of the Town of Bloomsburg, aforesaid, John G. Nevius and Elmira his wife of Madison township, Columbia county.

Take notice that an inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of said Ann Winner deceased, in the township of Hemlock, Columbia county, on Friday, the fifteenth day of November, 1878 between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m. of said day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said deceased, to and among her children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole, otherwise to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg, Oct. 9'78-4w.

EXECUTORS' SALE
Of Valuable
REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned executors of the estate of William Milnes, late of Scott township, Columbia county, deceased, will expose to public sale on

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY,
November 19th and 20th, 1878,

the following described property, to wit:

No. 1.—All that certain lot of ground situate in Espy, Scott township, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the south side of Main street, on the west by land of Mrs. Jane Case, on the south by lands of Joseph Stickney and the Pennsylvania Canal Company, on the west by lands of said Stickney and Canal Company, and on the north by Main street whereon are erected a three story

Frame Flouring Mill,

with GOOD STEAM POWER AND AMPLE MACHINERY, good and Commodious Wharf, a one story Frame office, Weigh Scales, a two story Frame Cooper Shop, and a Good Frame Stable, containing about ONE ACRE OF LAND.

The above described property will be sold on the premises at one o'clock p. m., on Nov. 19th.

No. 2.—All that certain lot of ground situate in Espy, Scott township, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Public road leading to Bloomsburg on the north, lot of —— Hartman on the east, an alley on the south, lot of —— Jacoby on the west, containing in front about 100 feet and in depth about two hundred feet, whereon are erected a large

TWO STORY PLANK HOUSE,

dutch weather-boarded, with a good attic, verandas, a large Frame Stable, carriage house, &c.

The above described property will be sold on the premises at one o'clock p. m., Nov. 19th.

No. 3.—Being a

LIME STONE QUARRY

acquired by the Executors of said testate since his death in order to save said estate from loss—having purchased the same at Sheriff's sale, to wit: All that certain lot of ground situate in Scott township bounded on the east by quarry lot of Waples and Pursel, on the north by lands of Aaron Boon, on the west by another quarry lot of Jesse D. Rice known as the Green Quarry lot, south by lands of Aaron Boone and other lands of Jesse D. Rice, on which are erected

TWO DWELLING HOUSES,

Stables, Office, Hay Scales and

SIX LIME KILNS.

The above described property will be sold on the premises at ten o'clock a. m., Nov. 19th.

No. 4.—All that certain piece of ground situate in Montour township, bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the east by public road, on the south by lands of Lloyd Paxton, on the west by the Philadelphia & Reading Rail Road and on the north by land of Lloyd Paxton, containing about one-half acre whereon are erected a

Large two-story Frame Building

used as a **PAINT MILL** and containing all the machinery necessary for the manufacturing of Paints with Steam Engine, boilers, &c., Shedding, Stabling and Office, and known as the

Montour Paint Works.

The above described property will be sold on the premises at ten o'clock a. m., Nov. 20th.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent at the confirmation of sale and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

HENRY S. REAY,
SUSANNA MILNES,
Executors.
oct. 11, '78-ts

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned Administrator &c., of Montgomery Cole late of Sugarloaf township in said county deceased, will expose to public sale on the premises on

Saturday, November 16th, 1878,

commencing at ten o'clock a. m. of said day all that certain messuage and tract of land situate in Sugarloaf township in said county, bounded by lands of Alinas Cole on the north, lands of Joshua Brink and James Lunger on the east, lands of Robert Swartwout on the south and Fishingcreek on the west, containing

ONE HUNDRED ACRES

more or less, about seventy acres of which is cleared land, whereon is erected a two story

Frame Dwelling House,

a bank barn, wood shed, wagon shed, pig stye &c. Also, a one and one half story plank dwelling house. The above property to-wit: the farm land containing seventy acres or thereabout will be sold subject to lease between said Montgomery Cole and Joseph D. Cole which lease terminates and expires the first day of April 1882. Terms of lease—Joseph D. Cole to pay one-third of all the grain, potatoes, hay and fodder, and to haul three hundred bushels of lime when purchased by said Montgomery Cole.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent, at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

JOSEPH D. COLE, Administrator.
Cole's Creek, Oct. 11-'78 ts.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned, Assignee of David S. Hower, will expose at public sale on the premises on

Saturday, October 12th, 1878,

at ten o'clock a. m., the following

Tract of Land,

situate partly in Catawissa and partly in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania: Bounded by lands of John Fageley, Philip Manhart, John Yeager and William Hughes' estate, containing

17 ACRES AND 14 PERCHES,

whereon is erected a GOOD SAW MILL,

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE

and other out-buildings.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent, at confirmation of sale, and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi. Purchaser to pay for deed.

MOSES HOWER, Assignee.
W. L. EYERY, Att'y. for Estate.
sep 27, '78-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out, of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or out-cry, on:

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 26th, 1878,

at one o'clock p. m., at the Court House in Bloomsburg.

All that certain lot of ground situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by land of Ruth Ann Gable and Sol. Levan, on the east by William Lee and Samuel Reinbold, on the south by Wesley Brass, on the west by public road, containing forty acres, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and out-buildings.

ALSO,

All that certain lot of ground situate in Locust township, county and state aforesaid, bounded on the west by land of R. Gorrell, on the south by Jonathan Beaver and George Beyer, on the east by John Kline, on the north by Joseph Beaver, Sr., administrator of William Bieber, deceased, containing ten acres.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Benevilla Rhodes against David Tyson and William Tyson and to be sold as the property of David Tyson and William Tyson.

ABBOTT & RHAWN, Attorneys.
Terms cash on day of sale.
JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.
sep. 27, '78-ts

At Private Sale,
A FARM CONTAINING ABOUT
109 ACRES,

mostly cleared, and whereon are erected a

LARGE BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

a Frame Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, and other outbuildings—a well of soft water at the house and one at the barn. There are also a large number of Apple, Peach and Cherry Trees and a good

IRON-STONE STONE QUARRY.

ALSO,

A LOT OF GROUND

at the corner of Third and Centre streets, being one hundred and thirty-two feet on Third street and two hundred and fourteen and one-half feet on Centre, whereon are erected a

Large Brick Dwelling House,

with STEAM HEATING APPARATUS, and in thorough repair. Having a Well, Cistern, Ice-house, Cooling House and all conveniences.

Both situate within the limits of the Town of Bloomsburg, and offered to be sold on easy and reasonable terms.

JOHN G. FREEZE, Bloomsburg, Penn'a.
aug. 23d, '78-3m

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.
march 22, '78-1y

PATENTS

obtained for new inventions, or for improvements on old ones, for medical or other compounds, trade-marks and labels. Caveats, Assignments, Interferences, Appeals, Suits for Infringements, and all cases arising under the Patent Laws, promptly attended to. Inventions that have been

REJECTED

by the Patent Office may still, in most cases, be patented by us. Being opposite the U. S. Patent Department, and engaged in Patent business exclusively, we can make closer searches and secure Patents more promptly, and with broader claims, than those who are remote from Washington.

INVENTORS

send us a model or sketch of your device; we make examinations and advise as to patentability, free of charge. All correspondence strictly confidential. Prices low, and NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.

We refer in Washington, to Hon. Postmaster General D. M. Key, Rev. F. D. Power, The German American National Bank, to officials in the U. S. Patent Office, and to Senators and Representatives in Congress; and especially to our clients in every State in the Union and in Canada. Address

C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opposite Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

GENERAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

I, JOHN W. HOFFMAN, High Sheriff of Columbia county, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of Columbia county that a general election will be held on TUESDAY, THE FIFTH OF NOVEMBER, 1878 (being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month at the several districts within the county, to wit:

Beaver township, at the public house of Joseph H. Shuman.

Benton township, at the public house of Hiram Hess, in the town of Benton.

East Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

West Bloom, at the Court House, in Bloomsburg.

Borough of Berwick, at the store of John McAnall, in the borough of Berwick.

Borough of Centralia, at the public house of William Peifer.

Briarcreek township, at the public school house near Evansville.

Catawissa township, at the public house of Samuel Kostenbauder, in the town of Catawissa.

Centre township, at the school house near Lafayette Creasy's.

North Conyngham District, at the school house near the colliery of John Anderson & Co.

South Conyngham District, at the house of John Monroe.

Fishingcreek township, at the school house near C. B. White's.

Franklin township, at the Lawrence school house.

Greenwood township, at the house of Joseph R. Patton.

Hemlock township, at the public house of Chas. H. Dietterich, in the town of Buck Horn.

Jackson township, at the house of Ezekiel Cole.

Locust township, at the public house of Daniel Kehres, in Numedia.

Mifflin township, at the public house of Aaron Hess, in the town of Mifflinville.

Madison township, at the public school house in Jerseytown.

Mt. Pleasant township, at the house of H. W. Mellick.

Montour township, at the public house of Reuben Rauch, at Rupert.

Main township, at the public house of Jeremiah E Longenberger.

Roaringcreek township, at the house of John B. Kiinger.

Orange township, at the public house of H. C. Conner in Orangeville.

Pine township, at the Centre School House, lately fixed by a vote of the citizens of said township.

Sugarloaf township, at the house of Alinas Cole.

Scott township, at the public house of Wm. Pettit in Espy.

At which time and places the qualified electors will elect by ballot the following State and County officers, viz:

One person for Governor of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania.

One person for Supreme Judge of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs of Pennsylvania.

One person for Member of Congress for the Eleventh District.

One person for State Senator.

Two persons for Representatives.

One person for Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts of Columbia county.

One person for Register and Recorder of Columbia county.

One person for Treasurer of Columbia county.

Three persons for Commissioners of Columbia county.

Three persons for county Auditors.

It is further directed that the election polls of the several districts shall be opened at seven o'clock in the forenoon, and shall continue open without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls will be closed.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That every person excepting Justices of the Peace and Aldermen, Notaries Public and Persons in the militia service of the State, who shall hold or shall within two months have held any office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States, or of this State, and city or corporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent who is or shall be employed under the Legislature, Executive or Judiciary Department of this State, or of any city or of any incorporated district, and also, that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

The Inspectors and Judge of the elections shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

The qualified voters of the several districts in this county at all general, township borough and special elections, are hereby hereafter authorised and required to vote by tickets printed or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all Judges of Courts voted for, and labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the State officers voted for and to be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including the office of Senator, and Members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "County;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labelled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "Borough."

And each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

JOHN W HOFFMAN, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Bloomsburg, Sept. 21, '78-tf

BRIDGE NOTICE.

A dividend of six per cent. on the capital stock of the Catawissa Bridge Company will be paid to the stockholders of that Company on and after October 1st, 1878, at the office of the Treasurer

GEO. S. GILBERT,
oct. 11, '78-3w

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG
MEN & WOMEN!
The Bryant & Stratton Business College,
No. 108 South 10th Street, Philad'a,
Offers unsurpassed facilities for acquiring a business education. Students can enter at any time. No vacations. Illustrated circulars free.
aug. 30, '78-26w A & S

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS,

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 70 N. 4th st., Phila.
jan. 4, '78-1y

THIS PAPER IS KEPT ON FILE AT THE OFFICE OF,
N. W. AYER & SON ADVERTISING AGENTS,
733 SANSOM ST., PHILADELPHIA,
Who are our authorized agents, and will receive Advertisements at our LOWEST CASH RATES.

JOB PRINTING
OF EVERY DESRIPTION
EXECUTED PROMPTLY
AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Fall Goods! Fall Goods!

DAVID LOWENBERG

Begs leave to inform his customers and the public that his stock is now replete with all the Novelties for Fall and Winter Wear, consisting of new and beautiful styles of

ENGLISH FRENCH GERMAN AND DOMESTIC GOODS
AT REDUCED PRICES

any of which he is prepared to make up in the latest style.

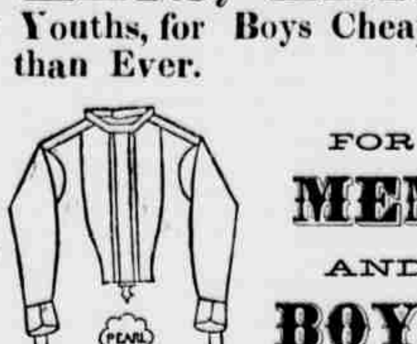
Ready-made cothing cheaper than ever. Cheap Suits for men, Cheap suits for Youths, Boys—for Children.

all of the best make and at the lowest prices.

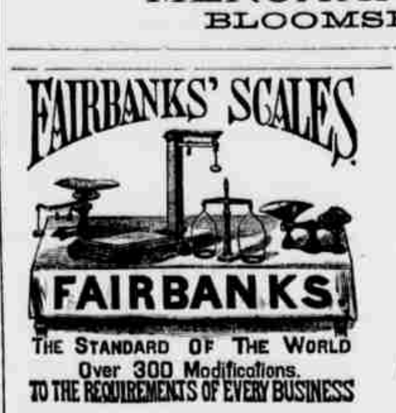
Just received a full line of all the latest styles in color and quality of

HATS, HATS, HATS,
For Men, for Youths, for Boys Cheaper than Ever.

A FULL LINE OF THE CELEBRATED PEARL SHIRT.



FOR **MEN** AND **BOYS.**
SOLD ONLY BY
DAVID LOWENBERG,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.



SCALES.

Made with the Latest and Most Valuable Improvements.

Two Grand Prizes
AT PARIS EXPOSITION.
Received Highest Medals at

WORLD'S FAIR, LONDON,	1851
WORLD'S FAIR, NEW YORK,	1853
WORLD'S FAIR, PARIS,	1867
WORLD'S FAIR, VIENNA,	1873
WORLD'S FAIR, SANTIAGO, (Chili)	1875
WORLD'S FAIR, PHILADELPHIA,	1876
WORLD'S FAIR, SYDNEY, (Australia)	1877
WORLD'S FAIR, PARIS,	1878

FAIRBANKS & EWING,
715 CHESTNUT ST.,
Philadelphia.
sep. 27, '78-13 w



GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
We will sell the Very Best Family Sewing Machine
For Twenty-Five Dollars
IN CASH,
on an ornamented Iron Stand and Treadle, with walnut top and drawer, and necessary Attachments and deliver it at any Railroad Depot in the United States,
Free of Charge.
These machines are warranted to do the whole line of Family sewing with more rapidity, more ease of management, and less fatigue to the operator than any machine now in use. Send for a Circular. Every machine warranted for three years.
Agents wanted in Unoccupied Territory,
Centennial Machine Co., Liimted
729 FILBERT ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Oct. 4, '78-6m.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES,
RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.
N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets,
Orders will receive prompt attention.

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.



G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

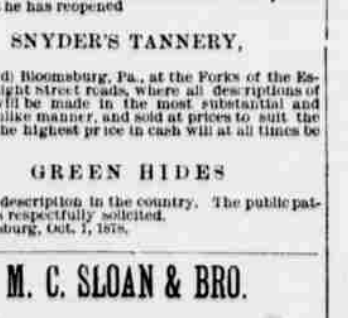
SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1878.

M. C. SLOAN & BRO.



BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,
PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.
First-class work always on hand.
REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.
Prices reduced to suit the times.
Jan. 5, 1877-tf.



HALE'S
HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR
FOR THE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, and all Affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, and Lungs, leading to Consumption.

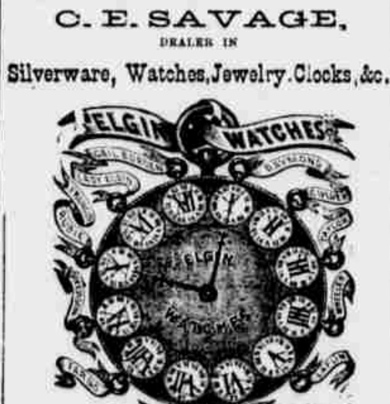
This infallible remedy is composed of the HONEY of the plant Horehound, in chemical union with TAR-BALM, extracted from the LIFE PRINCIPLE of the forest tree ABIES BALSAMEA, or Balm of Gilead.

The Honey of Horehound SOOTHES AND SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar-balm CLEANSES AND HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action. Let no prejudice keep you from trying this great medicine of a famous doctor who has saved thousands of lives by it in his large private practice.

N.B.—The Tar-Balm has no BAD TASTE or smell.

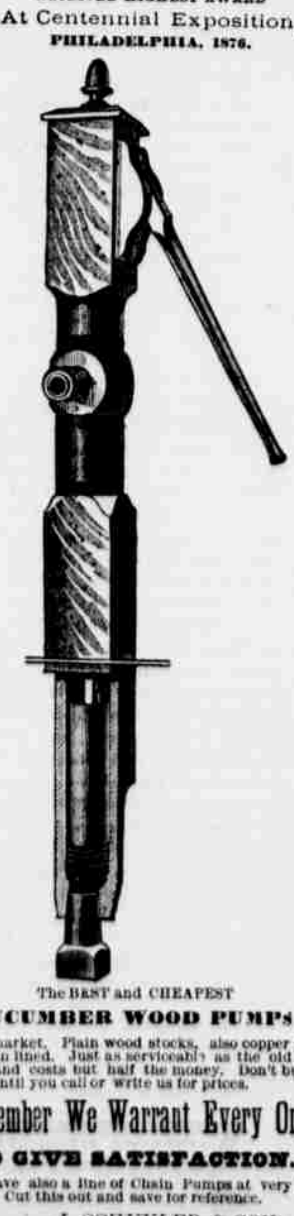
PRICES 50 CENTS AND $1 PER BOTTLE.
Great saving to buy large size.
"Pike's Toothache Drops" Cure in 1 Minute.
Sold by all Druggists.
C. N. CRITTENTON, Prop., N.Y.
dec.15, '77

C. E. SAVAGE,
DEALER IN
Silverware, Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, &c.



Removed to the Post Office building, first door above the Exhange Hotel.
All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.
may 17, '78-tf

LAFFERTY'S PATENT
Screw Porcelain-Lined Cylinder.
RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARD
At Centennial Exposition,
PHILADELPHIA, 1876.



The BEST and CHEAPEST
CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS
in the market. Plain wood stocks, also copper and porcelain lined. Just as serviceable as the old log pump, and costs but half the money. Don't buy a pump until you call or write us for prices.
Remember We Warrant Every One
TO GIVE SATISFACTION.
We have also a line of Chain Pumps at very low prices. Cut this out and save for reference.
J. SCHUYLER & SON,
sep. 27, '78-1m BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOB PRINTING
Neatly and cheaply executed at the COLUMBIAN Office.

GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

By its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all Humors, from the worst Scrofula to a common Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption. Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. Erysipelas, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly or Rough Skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, White Swellings, Goitre or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands.

If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow color of skin, or yellowish-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness." In many cases of "Liver Complaint" only part of these symptoms are experienced. As a remedy for all such cases, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures.

In the cure of Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, and the early stages of Consumption, it has astonished the medical faculty, and eminent physicians pronounce it the greatest medical discovery of the age. While it cures the severest Coughs, it strengthens the system and purifies the blood. Sold by druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets
SIZE OF PELLETS.
THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC.

No use of taking the large, repulsive, nauseous pills, composed of cheap, crude, and bulky ingredients. These Pellets are scarcely larger than mustard seeds. Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For Jaundice, Headache, Constipation, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations from the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious attacks, Pain in region of Kidneys, Internal Fever, Bloated feeling about Stomach, Rush of Blood to Head, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of these Purgative Pellets over so great a variety of diseases, it may be said that their action upon the animal economy is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative impress. Age does not impair the properties of these Pellets. They are sugar-coated and inclosed in glass bottles, their virtues being thereby preserved unimpaired for any length of time, in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable. This is not the case with those put up in cheap wooden or pasteboard boxes. For all diseases where a Laxative, Alterative, or Purgative, is indicated, these little Pellets will give the most perfect satisfaction. Sold by druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.



CATARRH

SYMPTOMS.—Frequent headache, discharge falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, thick mucous, purulent, offensive, etc. In others, a dryness, dry, watery, weak, or inflamed eyes, stopping up, or obstruction, of the nasal passages, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear the throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, voice altered, nasal twang, offensive breath, impaired or total deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indigestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, etc. Only a few of these symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

produces radical cures of the worst cases of Catarrh, no matter of how long standing. The liquid remedy may be snuffed, or better applied by the use of Dr. Pierce's Douche. This is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried HIGH UP and PERFECTLY APPLIED to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. Its use is pleasant and easily understood, from directions accompanying each instrument. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures recent attacks of "Cold in the Head" by a few applications. It is mild and pleasant to use, containing no strong or caustic drugs or poisons. Catarrh Remedy and Douche sold by druggists. R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.
aug. 30, '78

DOMESTIC



The Lightest Running,
The Simplest,
The Most Durable,
The Most Popular
OF
SEWING MACHINES.

It is easily understood, makes the double-thread lock-stitch, has self-regulating tensions and take-up, and will do the whole range of family work without change.

The "Domestic" is made in the most durable manner, with conical steel bearings and compensating journals throughout.

DOMESTIC
PAPER FASHIONS.

These popular PATTERNS for ladies', misses', and children's dress, are cut on a system superior to any in use, and can be understood by any one. Full directions and illustrations on each envelope.

Send Five Cents for illustrated Catalogue of 1000 Fashions.

DOMESTIC
Sewing Machine Co., New York.

I. W. HARTMAN,
Agent "Domestic" Paper Fashions
Bloomsburg.
December 14, 1877-1y

Steel and Iron



Triple Flange
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF
SAFES;
Patent Inside Bolt Work and Hinged Cap.
NO SAFE COMPLETE WITHOUT IT!!
W. H. TERWILLIGER,
No. 54 Maiden Lane,
Near William St., NEW YORK.
dec. 7, 1877-1y

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.
march 22, '78-1y

ESPY PLANING MILL.

The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work.

Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.

made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CHARLES KRUG, Bloomsburg, Pa.



54 Ninth Street Pittsburg, Dec. 10, 1874.
Messrs. DREHER, REAY & C
Gentlemen:—Your paints have given entire satisfaction. I have used them on a good many different kinds of work, such as Iron, Tin, Wood, Brick, &c., and never heard any complaints, on the contrary, the work stands well and for wear, will in my opinion, stand with any lead in the market. When in want of reference to this city or vicinity you are at liberty to use my name with pleasure, also to use this as you think best.
Respectfully Yours,
JOHN T. GRAY
Painter and Dealer in Paints, Oils, &c.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD, AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

MONTOUR SLATE PAINTS, 8 CENTS.

MONTOUR METALLIC WHITE, 8 CENTS.

MONTOUR METALLIC BROWN, 6 CENTS.
OFF COLORS AT THIS PRICE.

PURE LINSEED OIL
at lowest market rates.

Sample cards and price list furnished without charge.

Orders and inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.

HENRY S. REAY,
MANUFACTURER,
RUPERT, PA.
MOYER BROS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
May 5, '78.-1y.

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD
ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS.
May 12, 1878.

TRAINS LEAVE RUPERT AS FOLLOWS (SUNDAY EXCEPTED)

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville Tamaqua, &c., 11,45 a. m.
For Catawissa, 11,45 a. m. 7,20 and 7,36 p. m.
For Williamsport, 6,28 9,04 a. m. and 4,06 p. m.

TRAINS FOR RUPERT LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAY EXCEPTED.)

Leave New York, 8,45 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 9,15 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11,3 a. m., Pottsville, 12,15 p. m and Tamaqua, 1,30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 6,20 8,50 a. m. and 4,00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 9,45 a.m, 2,15 p. m. and 5,00 p. m
Passengers to and from New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN, General Manager.
C. G. HANCOCK, General Ticket Agent.
Jan. 14, 1876—tf.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 26th, 1873, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

NORTHWARD.

Erie Mail 5.20 a. m., arrive Elmira............11
" Canandaigua... 3.35 p. m
Rochester...... 5.15 "
Niagara......... 9 40 "
Renovo accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 12.55 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4.15 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 8.50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 4.50 a.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 1.50 p. m
" Washington 10.30 "
" Baltimore 6.30 "
" Washington 8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 10.50 p. m.
arrive Baltimore 2.25 a. m
" Washington 6.13 "
Erie Mail 12.55 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3 05 a. m.
" Baltimore 8.40 "
" Washington 10.35 "
All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 39, Takes effect at 4:30 A. M
MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1878.

NORTH. p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	STATIONS.	SOUTH. a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 30	4 12	9 46	Scranton	9 35	2 10	6 15
9 23			Bellevue		2 16	6 20
9 17		9 37	Taylorville	9 45	2 22	6 25
9 08		9 30	Lackawanna		2 30	6 33
8 58	3 51	9 21	Pittston	9 58	2 38	6 40
8 51	3 46	9 19	West Pittston		2 44	6 45
8 46	3 4	9 14	Wyoming	10 07	2 49	6 50
	12 41		Maltby		2 53	6 55
	12 36		Bennett		2 57	6 59
8 33	3 30	9 04	Kingston	10 18	3 15	7 10
8 13	3 10	8 44	Kingston	10 33	3 15	7 18
			Plymouth June.		3 10	7 18
8 23	3 20	8 55	Plymouth	10 26	3 15	7 25
			Avondale		3 21	7 35
8 12	3 12	8 47	Nanticoke	10 34	3 26	7 42
8 04	3 04	8 39	Hunlock's Creek	10 42	3 35	8 04
7 51	2 51	8 28	Shickshinny	10 55	3 50	8 25
7 38	2 39	8 17	Hick's Ferry	11 07	4 03	8 45
7 2	2 34	8 12	Beach Haven	11 13	4 10	8 55
7 25	2 28	8 06	Berwick	11 21	4 18	9 05
7 18			Briar Creek		4 25	7 15
7 14			Willow Grove		4 29	7 23
7 10			Lime Ridge		4 33	7 30
7 02	2 ?4	7 44	Espy	11 39	4 42	7 44
6 56	1 57	7 38	Bloomsburg	11 45	4 49	8 ?1
6 50	1 51	7 33	Rupert	11 5	4 55	8 32
6 45	1 46	7 29	Catawissa Bridge.	11 57	5 00	8 5
6 27	1 27	7 11	Danville	12 18	5 18	8 21
			Chulasky			9 51
6 15			Cameron		5 30	9 55
6 00	1 00	6 45	Northumberland.	12 45	5 45	9 50
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	a.m

W. F. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's Office, Scranton, June 10, 1878.

S. W. DOUGLASS,
Civil and Mining Engineer,
ASHLAND, PA.

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